



TRADE INDICATORS HANDBOOK

Illustrative Performance Indicators Organized by Trade Program and Project Results

November 2013

This publication was produced for review by the United States Agency for International Development, Bureau for Economic Growth, Education, and Environment. It was prepared by Stephanie Monschein and Molly Hageboeck of Management Systems International under the Business Environments for Agile Markets (BEAM) Task Order, implemented by CARANA Corporation.

Preface

Trade has long been a focus of USAID programming centered on economic growth. Since the start of the Doha Development Round of global trade negotiations under the World Trade Organization in 2001, USAID and other developed countries have increased their support for trade capacity building (TCB) in developing countries. The focus of this support has been on helping host countries and their stakeholders participate more effectively in trade negotiations, implement resulting commitments, respond to new trade opportunities, and transition to a more open and competitive trade environment.

The USG has made strides in evaluating the effects of its TCB assistance. In 2005, USAID launched a USG-wide cross-cutting evaluation of TCB assistance, producing a profile of USG TCB investments as well as a subsequent in-depth evaluation of USAID's TCB portfolio, published in 2010 as: From Aid to Trade: Delivering Results. USAID also designed and delivered a pilot training program on monitoring and evaluation specifically for trade-related projects. Those efforts have been further refined and updated in the ProjectStarter toolkit to reflect substantial advances in USAID's overall monitoring, evaluation and learning framework as well as in USAID guidance and tools. The ProjectStarter toolkit also compiles and systematically organizes a substantial set of resources specific to trade capacity building.

ProjectStarter, a web-based monitoring, evaluation and learning resource for USAID staff and its implementing partners in developing countries, was developed for USAID at the request of Paul Fekete, Senior International Trade Advisor, in USAID's Bureau for Economic Growth, Education and Environment (E3) and Virginia Brown, the Director of the Office of Trade and Regulatory Reform (TRR) in E3, which funded ProjectStarter's creation. Without their foresight and the ongoing support and guidance of other E3 colleagues, including Lita Echiverri, E3/TRR's Monitoring & Evaluation Advisor, the vast array of resources on this site would never have been made easily accessible to development practitioners worldwide through this website. We deeply appreciate their commitment and support.

Erin Endean, CARANA Corporation directed the development of ProjectStarter under the Business Environments for Agile Markets (BEAM) project, for which she serves as Chief of Party. Molly Hageboeck and Stephanie Monschein, Management Systems International (MSI), conceptualized and developed the technical content for the toolkit and Dawn Sword, Serendipity Creative LLC, designed and developed the ProjectStarter website.

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Introduction

The purpose of this Trade Facilitation Indicators Handbook is to help USAID/Washington and Mission staff working within the Office of Trade and Regulatory Reform, Bureau of Economic Growth, Education, and Environment (E3), US Agency for International Development (USAID) to organize projects and their activities around clusters of highly-researched development hypotheses, understand the hierarchy and critical assumptions surrounding each framework and to develop indicators that are useful for monitoring trade capacity building components of programs. These are programs that are stand-alone trade-focused endeavors, and programs that contain a small piece related to the TCB purview.

This handbook by no means represents a complete and final, unchanging document, but rather provides a basis upon which to insert new indicators as they become available and are tested. The team has scoured hundreds of real trade projects across the span of the world, utilized academic research, as well as research by top donors in development, but time is not static, and new indicators will be developed, and used, every day. Trade capacity building is a relatively new arena and the performance indicators by which teams will track impact and progress will continue to adapt to evolving environments and new global circumstances. This document should be seen as a starting point for the development of performance indicators on which to measure the successes of your Development Objectives (DOs), projects, and activities. Some, like those taken from national statistics and online trade indicator databases are relatively static, while others are intended to be tweaked, crafted, and molded to fit your project's needs during the Project design phase. Availability of national statistics will vary from country to country and year to year, and the feasibility of small- and large-scale surveys of firms, public sector entities, organizations, and other relevant private sector entities will depend on country context, budget, and timing.

This handbook incorporates Results Frameworks and subsequent narrative developed during the mixed-methods evaluation of Trade Capacity Building (2007-2010), from which came "From Aid to Trade: Delivering Results," funded by USAID, in response to the Government Accountability Office's 2007 study, "U.S. Trade Capacity Building Extensive, but Its Effectiveness Has Yet to Be Evaluated." These Results Frameworks have been through multiple iterations, including reviews by key stakeholders – both USAID and USTR as well as by implementing partners – as well as ground-truthing through real trade capacity building projects and literature from multiple donors and academics.

This represents part of a broader effort by USAID E3 to improve its M&E system. At the start of this decade, USAID challenged itself to significantly enhance its capacity to design and deliver development results, thus increasing the likelihood of achieving the goals set forth in USAID's Policy Framework for 2011-2015. Meeting this challenge is leading USAID to adopt a more evidence-based approach to design, paired with active learning strategies that build on the systematic monitoring of program and project performance and more frequent and rigorous evaluations. This volume accompanies a self-guided, web-based Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) toolkit and a Monitoring, Evaluation, and Learning Guide developed by USAID/E3 to help its staff and partners respond to these challenges.

Key features of the ProjectStarter toolkit for which this volume is a secondary companion include:

- Quick access to up-to-date USAID guidance on M&E in the program cycle;
- Editable templates to support the completion of M&E tasks for USAID programs, projects and supporting activities;
- Internal and external links to additional resources that support website pages;
- An intuitive book like structure that can be used for self-training by those users who are new to USAID; and
- Quick access to any aspect of the toolkit through its detailed sitemap and resource repository.

PART I: The Trade Capacity Building Results Framework

Trade Capacity Building Projects and Programs can be standalone endeavors working solely to improve the trade capacity of countries or firms, or can be discrete activities buried within interconnected economic growth focused activities. The subsequent frameworks in Part I and Part II of this handbook were developed as part of a larger literature review process during a three-year mixed methods evaluation of TCB programs. These frameworks have been developed using academic literature and then ground-truthed through the study of over 256 TCB projects implemented during the study period. It is envisioned that all TCB activities fit into this overarching TCB Results Framework. However, the definition of TCB programs and activities is rapidly adapting to changing circumstances and certain current activities may not be explicitly stated on the Results Frameworks. Nonetheless, the language is such that the highest level of the Results Framework used to categorize the results of USAID TCB projects focuses on the Agency's economic growth goal—rapid, sustained and broad-based economic growth. USAID views improvements in trade performance and foreign direct investment as contributing to economic growth, as Figure I illustrates.

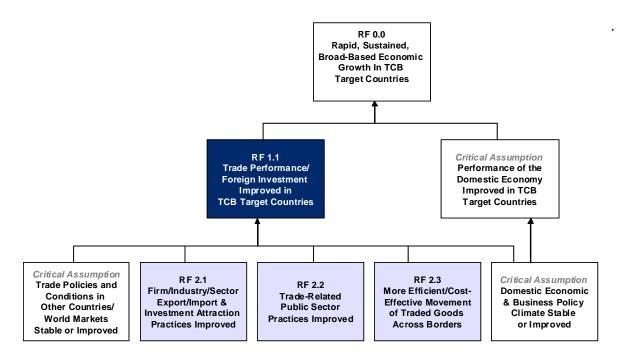


Figure 1. General TCB Results Framework – Outcome Level Results

GOAL: Rapid, Sustained, Broad-Based Economic Growth

Rapid, sustained, and broad-based economic growth – the growth needed to improve standard of living over time is highlighted in USAID strategy papers and on its website as the central focus of the Agency's work on economic growth and trade. Economic growth that is broad-based is, in USAID's view, the only way for poor countries to reduce and eventually do away with extreme poverty. In USAID's current budgeting and reporting structure, to "promote sustainable, broad-based economic growth" by

"enabling the private sector to drive growth" is one of seven USAID core Development Objectives. At the national level, USAID measures of RF 0.0 performance include changes in per capita income and changes in the number of people living in poverty. USAID TCB projects frequently measure the number of jobs a project creates and changes in individual and family incomes at this level

Level 1.0 First-order Results: Trade Performance/FDI Improved

At this level, the TCB Results Framework includes one result and one critical assumption, both of which are needed in order to produce overall economic growth and poverty reduction (shown at the *goal* level). The key result at this level parallels the program area level in USAID's current budgeting and reporting structure.

As Figure I illustrates, USAID posits that improvements in trade and investment performance depend upon a number of factors. External factors, such as world prices, are shown on the far left in this segment of the TCB Results Framework. USAID TCB projects that focus on improvements in trade performance as one of their intended results often make assumptions about how external factors will behave. The Results Framework below follows that practice by designating them as critical assumptions. To the right of this assumption are three intermediate results or causal pathways to improved trade performance.

As described in Part One of this report, RF 2.1 focuses on changes in private sector practices and related results, measured by numbers of export contracts signed, new products exported, new markets accessed, etc. RF 2.2 focuses on changes in public sectors practices and related results, which are monitored using indicators that capture information on transparency and predictability in licensing, procurement, etc., as well as tariff reductions. RF 2.3 focuses on the more efficient movement of good across borders that result from investments in projects that facilitate trade and are measured using time and cost indicators. On the far right, improvements in domestic economic and business policies are shown as critical assumptions for trade projects, although it is recognized that in some countries USAID may also fund projects that foster improvements in domestic economic and business policies. Each of the three intermediate results identified above represents a cluster of results that support improvements in trade performance.

Trade performance improves when a country's exports or imports of goods and/or services increase. USAID strategy papers define trade and investment as the principal mechanisms through which global market forces generate growth in developing countries. Increased tourism also represents an improvement in trade performance at this level. Most donor projects work toward this result by targeting activities at lower level results and allowing those interventions to precipitate improvements in trade performance. However, some types of project activities, like promotional events in importing counties, may directly target this result by stimulating demand rather than working through the rest of the results hierarchy. Foreign direct investment (FDI) is both a result at this level and the foundation for further generations of improvements in both trade performance and expanded sales in the domestic economy. This result is shown at the RF 1.1 level in the Results Framework segment shown in Figure 1.

USAID standard indicators for tracking improved trade and investment performance include **the total** value of exports in targeted sectors; the total value of imports in targeted sectors, and foreign direct investment as a percentage of GDP. In addition, field projects sometimes report on the volume of exports/imports at this level or on tourism revenues or numbers of visitors.

Assumption: Performance of the Domestic Economy Improved

The condition of a country's domestic markets, gauged in terms of domestic sales or investment, directly impacts a country's economic growth, regardless of the role played by international trade. Even in countries where growth is clearly export-led, deteriorating conditions in the domestic economy will likely impede overall economic growth. For this reason, the TCB Results Framework assumes steady or improving domestic market performance when hypothesizing that improved trade performance will result in stronger overall economic growth.

Level 2.0: Second-order Results (Contributing to Level 1.0 Results)

Results and assumptions at this level are meant to identify the necessary and sufficient conditions for achieving improvements in trade and investment performance. Three results are shown at this level in the TCB Results Framework, along with two important assumptions:

- The first result focuses on the practices of businesses that engage in trade.
- Government policy and practices are the focus of the second.
- The focus of the third result is on the movement of goods and services across borders, or trade facilitation: a result to which both private and public sector actors contribute. While technically this result could be subsumed under the other 2.0 level results included in the TCB Results Framework, it has been treated separately based on the distinct contribution that improvements in trade facilitation make towards a country's enhanced trade performance.

Results at this level reflect the intent of *program elements* in USAID's current budgeting and reporting structure, although the way they are stated (as results) differs from the categorical descriptions used for *program elements*.

TCB Result 2.1: Firm/Industry/Sector Export/Import & IFDI Attraction Practices Improved

This result focuses on *improvements in the trade practices of firms, farms, and industry or sector associations.* For exporters, such practices might include modifications in the design, quality control, packaging, and reliability of delivery of products and services for specific foreign markets; changes made to comply with foreign market import requirements and standards; or using the Internet to advertise products, take orders or bill customers, place orders with suppliers, and so on. Results statements in projects that focus on improved competitiveness at the level of firms or industries fit at this TCB results level. Other results at this level may include the adoption of new or modified practices aimed at improving firm or industry chances of attracting foreign direct investment, like improving environmental, accounting, and other practices. Any measurable changes made by firms/farms/industries themselves for the purpose of expanding their exports, imports, or FDI represent performance improvement on this result.

TCB Result 2.2: Trade-Related Public Sector Practices Improved

This result focuses on *new practices and changes in the way national and local governments deliver trade-related services.* Changes of this sort include improved public access to information about trade-related government standards and procedures, along with simplified, more transparent processes for their enforcement. Operationally, such improvements include fewer and less complex forms; electronic processing; streamlined procedures for enforcement and appeal of trade-related legal decisions; new trade promotion-related services, (improved local capacity for product safety testing against foreign market standards); and expanded, visible efforts to enforce intellectual property rights, child labor laws and other commitments linked to international trade agreements.

TCB Result 2.3: More Efficient and Cost-Effective Movement of Traded Goods across Borders

This result focuses on changes in the time and cost required to move goods from firms and farms on to ships, airplanes, and other vehicles and across international borders. Reductions in the time and cost required to export or import, while shown on the same level of this Results Framework as Results 2.1 and 2.2 are often influenced by improvements in those areas. Improvements in trade-related infrastructure and in the effectiveness of enterprises that provide support services to exporters/ importers, e.g., transportation, insurance, trade finance, etc., also have an impact on this result. It could be argued that this box fits under both 2.1 and 2.2, and doesn't necessarily need its own place on the RF. However, we argue that more efficient and cost-effective movement of traded goods across borders is so important, and such a focus of trade facilitation activities and projects currently, that it does necessitate a break out from the two other boxes at this level, even if just to attach separate indicators to its tracking.

Assumption: Trade Policies and Conditions in Other Countries/World Markets Stable or Improved

Improvements in Results 2.1, 2.2 and 2.3 all contribute to improvements in trade performance at the level of Result 1.0, but these improvements alone may not be sufficient to ensure that trade performance improves. Conditions in world markets, and in the economies of key trading partners, also play a determining role. Projects and programs undertaken to improve firm/industry or government trade-related practices, or to otherwise improve the speed and cost-effectiveness with which traded goods traverse borders, generally assume that world market and key partner country conditions will remain stable or improve. When external conditions deteriorate, their impact on a country's trade performance can be significant.

Assumption: Domestic Economic & Business Policy Climate Stable or Improved

Similarly, programs and projects that focus on trade-related improvements in firm/industry or government practices generally assume that the domestic environment in which they operate will facilitate the flow of commerce. In practice, such assumptions are not always valid. A country's "enabling environment" may have the net effect of discouraging entrepreneurship and other business activity rather than allowing it to flourish. External shocks, such as droughts, natural disasters and political shifts -- even elections -- may also adversely affect the business climate.

Intermediate Results

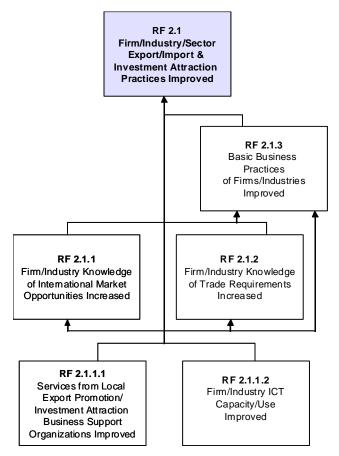


Figure 1. Intermediate Results that Support Improvements in Firm/Industry/Sector Export/Import & Investment Attraction Practices

Each of the Level 2.0 results described above is in itself the product of a chain of causes and effects that includes supporting intermediate results that contribute to Results 2.1, 2.2 and 2.3. These intermediate results are described below in relation to the 2.0 level results they support.

Intermediate Results that Support Result 2.1

When firms/industries adopt new trade-related practices, or modify their existing practices, there is often an underlying cause. These changes sometimes emerge as a function of intermediate results within the firm, like the acquisition of new knowledge and skills which may in turn be the result of exposure to new sources of information, including new information technologies, as illustrated in Figure 2 below. Firms/industries may also change their practices in response to external stimulants, such as changes in government policies and practices (addressed in Result 2.2); improvements in trade-related services (addressed in 2.3); increased demand in other markets, or improved access to capital. Figure 2 above focuses primarily on intermediate changes within firms/industries that foster improvements in their trade-related practices, and on a critical assumption at this level about access to the capital.

TCB Intermediate Result 2.1.1: Firm/Industry Knowledge of International Market Opportunities Increased

This result focuses on the changes in what firms/farms know about international market opportunities, such as the demographics of product demand, purchasing methods, and customer-preferences with respect to product features. Knowledge of market opportunities can be expanded in a number of ways: participation in trade fairs; access to market research through trade associations, self- directed Internet research; consultations/assistance from specialists in government or private sector export promotion organizations like trade associations; or participation in government or other export/import training programs.

TCB Intermediate Result 2.1.2: Firm/Industry Knowledge of Trade Requirements Increased

This result is similar to Result 2.1.1., but differs with respect to the types of information firms/industries receive. Here the focus is on technical requirements such as the import rules of other nations, including product safety standards. This type of knowledge is treated here as a separate intermediate result only to highlight the importance of this type of knowledge and the fact that the sources from which firms/industries acquire this information may differ somewhat. Some of these sources may include trade associations or the Internet and other familiar sources, but they may also have additional opportunities including special training programs offered by technical units within their own government (national product safety testing facilities for agricultural or medical products, for example) or educational programs offered locally by the multilateral organizations or government agencies of importing countries. As a practical matter, USAID missions might wish to combine Results 2.1.1.and 2.2.2.

TCB Intermediate Result 2.1.3: Basic Business Practices of Firms/Farms/Industries Improved

This result focuses on improvements in basic business practices including production, accounting, and other practices that help a firm succeed regardless of whether its focus is on domestic sales, exports, or both. This includes improving financial, property, or human resource management through the increased use of information and communication technology (ICT). Its inclusion here reflects research findings that show that improvements in basic business practices, particularly those that result in more cost-effective production and more competitive pricing of goods and services, are often a requirement for, and function as a precursor to, export success. Improvements in basic business practices then combine with new knowledge about trade opportunities and requirements (Results 2.1.1 and 2.1.2) to foster changes in firm/industry level trade practices (Result 2.1). Economic motives generally drive changes in basic business practices at the Result 2.1.3 level, with firms acquiring the knowledge needed to make such changes from other firms, government and privately operated extension/business support services, the Internet, or other means. USAID missions that invest in this result may not do so specifically for exporting firms, as is the case with programs that serve small and medium size enterprises (SMEs) regardless of their international orientation. The fact that exporting firms benefit from projects of this type is what makes this a TCB result in the TCB Results Framework.

Assumption: Access to Commercial Capital Stable or Improved

With the exception of trade finance focused on shipping, which is covered under Result 2.3.1 below, the access to capital that firms/industries require to improve basic business practices (at the 2.1.3 level) or trade-related practices (at the 2.1 level) is not generally available on a trade-specific basis. The focus of banks, credit unions and other credit markets is on repayment *per* se rather than on product/service destination. Similarly, FDI focuses on returns, which may involve both domestic and/or export production. Thus, this TCB Results Framework treats a firm's access to capital as an external factor rather than as a trade-specific result. Accordingly, the Results Framework assumes that when USAID initiates trade-specific programs, access to capital for all firms/industries in a recipient country will, at minimum, be as good over the life of a trade-specific project as it is when that project is being designed.

Missions that have programs that support changes in the financial sector may include access to capital in a broader economic growth framework.

TCB Intermediate Result 2.1.1.1: Services from Local Export Promotion/Investment Attraction/Business Support Organizations Provided/Improved

This result focuses on the effectiveness of entities that exist, or may have been created by donor programs, for the purpose of providing trade and other related business support services to firms/industries, including (though not always limited to) firms that export or import goods and services. Export promotion services, investment attraction services, or more general business improvement support services may be run by governments or by private entities, like trade associations or specialized trade support organizations, and may operate on a non-profit or for-profit basis. When improving such services is a specific aim of a USAID-funded program, this intermediate result may be a critical element of a mission-level RF, or of a RF for a regional program that supports a regional trade support entity even though in most cases it would be considered an approach to achieving a result at any given level like the formation of business associations.

TCB Intermediate Result 2.1.1.2: Firm/Industry ICT Capacity Expanded

This result focuses on the extent to which firms/industries have access to modern information and communications systems, including computers and the Internet. Capacity in this area contributes to efforts firms/industries may make to improve basic business practices (2.1.3); improve their knowledge of trade opportunities and regulations (2.1.1 and 2.1.2) and subsequently improve their trade-related practices (2.1). Result 2.1.1.2 is the focus of projects that directly invest in improving the extent to which targeted firms and business support entities (those assisted in 2.1.1.1) have the necessary equipment, infrastructure, and basic knowledge to use ICT to increase knowledge or improve practices.. This result is not so broad as to cover national investments in telecommunications. Result 2.1.1.2 in the TCB Result Framework is limited to connecting export/import firms or business support entities to improved national systems.

Intermediate Results that Support Result 2.2

Box 2.2 represents the *de facto* improvement in public sector trade practices. Such practices may include?!? Improvements in public sector trade-related practices at the level of Result 2.2 depend upon a range of intermediate results that contribute to these changes. Figure 3 below outlines this supporting hierarchy of intermediate results. The graphic illustrates the fact that changes in public sector practices do not always follow a single route to affect Result 2.2. Furthermore, there are some improvements in intermediate results that support Result 2.2 that may have a direct effect at the Result 1.0 level. For example, firms in other countries, upon learning that a country has changed its tariffs or acceded to a trade agreement, start investing in or purchasing from that country in advance of visible improvements in other public sector trade related practices.

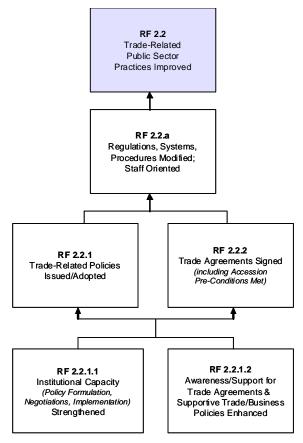


Figure 3. Intermediate Results that Support Improvements in Trade-Related Public Sector Practices

TCB Intermediate Result 2.2 (a): Regulations, Procedures, Systems Modified, Staff Oriented

Box 2.2 (a) represents the *de jure* improvement in public sector trade practices. This result recognizes that some changes in government trade-related practices do not occur until new forms have been designed and issued; new procedures have been developed, new forms have been published and issued, and government agency staff has been oriented to these changes to maximize their use. Changes at the 2.2 (a) level are normally made by the government entities executing policy in response to changes, which may have been made at higher levels in government or by the country's legislature. They represent an intermediate step towards implementing those policy changes. In situations where changes in forms, internal regulations, and procedures of government entities are not needed to ensure policy implementation, Result 2.2 (a) need not be included in a RF. Where these steps are needed, however, including Result 2.2 (a) and monitoring indicators at this level can serve as a useful checkpoint on the policy implementation phase of a broader trade policy initiative.

TCB Intermediate Result 2.2.1: Trade Related Policies/Issued/Adopted

This result focuses on national policies and laws. New or improved trade-related policies and laws may be adopted or issued for domestic reasons, independent of trade agreements. In some cases they flow from or may be required to implement international trade agreements. In other cases international trade agreements only enter into force when local laws are changed to comply with those agreements

(though these local laws differ in nature from the pre-conditions mentioned in the paragraph following). This is the type of change/improvement that Result 2.2.1 is intended to capture.

TCB Intermediate Result 2.2.2: Trade Agreements Signed

This result focuses on international trade agreements, both multilateral and bilateral in nature. It also subsumes compliance with any pre-conditions a country must meet in order to be accepted as a party to a trade agreement. In practice, this can involve changes that countries make that would normally fall at the 2.2 level on the general TCB Result Framework. Missions might find it appropriate to monitor such changes at the 2.2 level, while simultaneously tracking which pre-conditions for membership have been met at the 2.2.2 level.

TCB Intermediate Result 2.2.1.1: Public Sector, Trade Related Institutional Capacity Strengthened

This result focuses on those skills acquired or improved within government entities that play a role in developing and adopting new/improved trade policies and in conducting bi-lateral and multilateral negotiations related to trade agreements. Improved analytic skills; along with the ability to use analytic/evidence-based products developed by others; skills necessary to define policy alternatives and the political support needed for their adoption; as well as the expertise needed for effective negotiating are all relevant here. These skills are needed to support the achievement of results 2.2.1 and 2.2.2 and differ from the array of skills needed by line staff in government agencies that are responsible for implementing new policies (which are covered by Result 2.2 (a).

TCB Intermediate Result 2.2.1.1: Public Awareness/Support for Trade Agreements and Supportive Trade/Business Policies Enhanced

Public and industry support for trade policies and membership in trade agreements are often critical for the approval of such measures. For that reason, governments, sometimes with donor support, undertake initiatives that educate these stakeholders, aiming to ensure their support for new/improved policies and international agreements. In situations where public and industry support for policies and agreements are critical, this result may be a critical element of a mission level TCB Results Framework.

Intermediate Results that Support Result 2.3

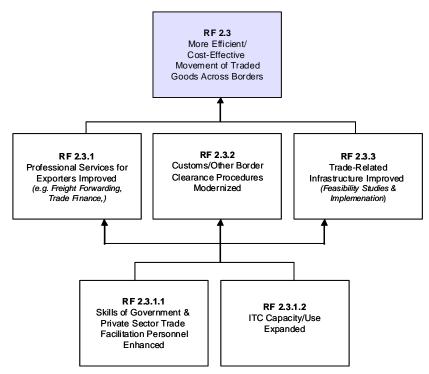


Figure 4. Intermediate Results that Support More Efficient and Cost-Effective Movement of Traded Goods across Borders

As noted above, Result 2.3 represents the outcome of the combined efforts of government and the private sector trade facilitation efforts. This result and its intermediate results overlap with and are supported by Result 2.2; its intermediate results to some degree, represent one type of 2.2 level improvement in government trade-related practices. For example, improvements in customs administration highlighted under Result 2.3 can be subsumed under Result 2.2 because Customs is by definition a trade-related government entity but has been extracted as its own Result here because of the relatively high importance placed on improvements made in the efficiency and cost-effectiveness of moving traded goods across borders. Accordingly USAID Missions may elect to treat such outcomes as Result 2.2 improvements, rather than as results at the 2.3 level. The TCB Results Framework tolerates such overlap as a mechanism for highlighting the importance of trade facilitation results; this may be considered critical in some Missions due to country-specific needs but is not necessary in all. The following intermediate results are relevant for achieving Result 2.3 as shown in Figure 4.

TCB Intermediate Result 2.3.1: Professional Services for Exporters Improved

This result captures, among others, improvements in the effectiveness and efficiency of freight forwarding firms that result from internal improvements rather than improvements in infrastructure or government procedures. Such improvements may be stimulated by changes in business practices similar to those made by exporting firms, e.g., improved order tracking and accounting systems. Similarly, this result captures improvements in trade finance, including its incorporation into "one-stop" export assistance units and new/improved trade finance windows in local financial institutions that help firms obtain financing for shipments; this includes both shipments financed by importers through local financial institutions and shipments that are self-financed by exporting firms.

TCB Intermediate Result 2.3.2: Customs/Other Border Clearance Procedures Modernized

This result directly parallels Result 2.2 (a) because customs and other border crossing operations are technically a subset of Result 2.2 (a) and its broader focus on the simplification and modernization of regulations and procedures within government trade-related bodies. At the 2.3.2 level, the simplification of procedures is focused intently on those processes and procedures that facilitate modernization of customs systems. This entails making customs forms and processes available by electronic means, and introducing electronic passport readers or other trade specific applications of modern technology. Also at this level are reductions in the number of signatures and documents required for exporting/importing goods.

TCB Intermediate Result 2.3.3: Trade Related Infrastructure Improved

Outcomes at this level are often the result of investments in infrastructure, including but not limited to port facilities, air cargo handling facilities, and other border crossing facilities, including the hiring of additional staff. Generally speaking this result is the outcome of investments in trade-specific infrastructure rather than the more general investments in domestic road systems or telecommunications infrastructure.

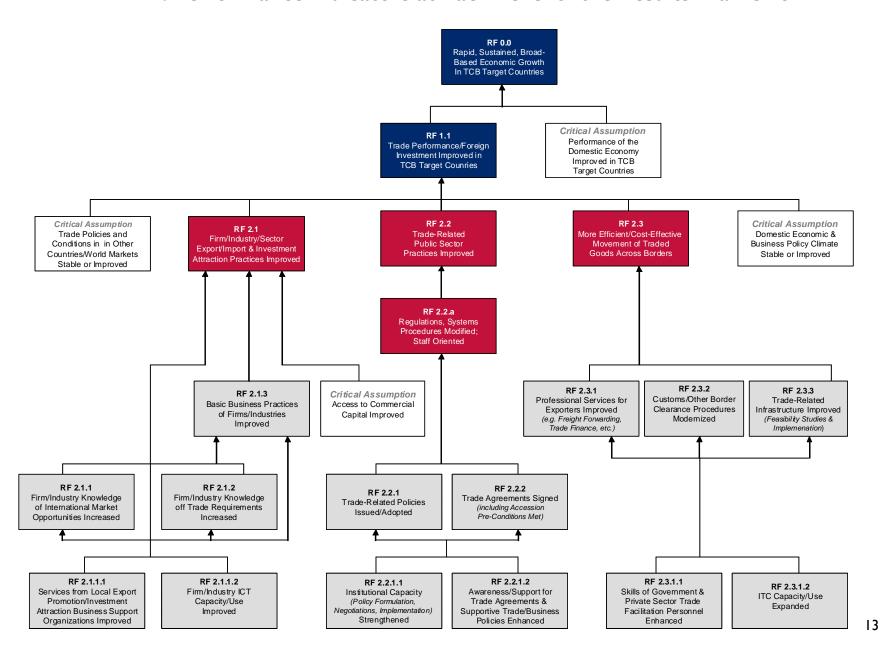
TCB Intermediate Result 2.3.1.1: Skills of Government and Private Sector Trade Facilitation Personnel Enhanced

This result focuses more on policy implementation, along the lines of Result 2.2 (a) above than on skills in policy development. Private sector firm knowledge of and skills in expediting shipments as well as the extent to which customs officials know current regulations and, where relevant, how well customs officials, freight forwarders and exporting firms to use electronic customs systems are all relevant a this level. In some countries missions invest in initiatives that focus on results at this level.

TCB Intermediate Result 2.3.1.2 ICT Capacity/Use Expanded

This result parallels Result 2.1.1.2 above. At this level, this result is relevant for both government entities and private sector trade facilitation support firms and related non-profit organizations. Basic automation, e.g.., supplying a customs agency with computers and related training, is recorded at this level.

PART II: Performance Indicators at Each Level of the Results Framework



Performance Indicator Candidates

Sustainable, Broad-based, Private Sector-led Economic Growth

Illustrative Project Performance Indicators Worksheet

	Intende	d Results and (Candidate Per	formance Indicat	ors		
Performance Indicator Result	Definition and Unit of Measure Sustainable, broad-based, private sect	Data Sources tor-led economic	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible
Growth in (real) gross domestic product (GDP) per capita [SI 4 – 15] ²	See standard indicator handbook ³ Indicator is tracked by EGAT.	World Bank World Development Indicators (WDI)	Tracked by E3 for Missions	Country	Annual	N/A	Missions are not expected to report on this indicator. The information is tracked by EGAT.
Proportion of people living on less than \$1.25 a day [SI 4.5.1 – 3] ⁴	See standard indicator handbook ⁵ This indicator measures Millennium Development Goal Target Ia.	UN Millennium Development Goals Report	Available online ⁶	Country	Annual	N/A	Missions are not expected to report on this indicator. The information is tracked by EGAT.

 $^{^{1}}$ Timing, availability of data, and cost should also be addressed here 2 USAID standard indicator

³ http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf

⁴ USAID standard indicator

⁵ http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf 6 http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/reports.shtml

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators												
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible						
Jobs created from exports	Detailed Definition: New jobs that did not previously exist and are directly linked to export production/shipment Unit of Measure: Number of full time jobs (M/F) Number of part-time jobs (M/F)	Firms that are being assisted by the project.	Firm will be asked to share standardized monthly summaries of the number of part-time and full time staff they pay. Implementing partner staff, or local designees, will collect these forms.	-Type: full-time; part-time -Sex of job holder -Sector Target area (e.g., district)	Data will be collected monthly from firms (to minimize problems with data recall over long periods of time)	Data will be analyzed quarterly and annually to determine whether there have been net gains over prior quarter; over same quarter prior year; and over several years.							

Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators												
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible					
Income increased from exports	Detailed Definition: Number of individual (worker/owner) incomes directly increased from exports in assisted entities Unit of Measure: Number	Firms that are being assisted by the project.	Firms will be asked to share standardized monthly summaries of the income of part-time and full-time. Firms will track changes in income on a monthly basis and report to IPs. IP staff or local designees will collect these forms.	Target sector; target area; Sex of job holder; full-time vs part-time job;	Data will be collected monthly from firms (to minimize problems with data recall over long periods of time)	Aggregate data from assisted firms						

Performance Indicator Candidates

Trade Performance and Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)

Illustrative Project Performance Indicators Worksheet

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators										
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible				
Result	Trade performance (particularly pr	ivate-sector exports) and foreign dire	ct investment expar	nded						
Foreign trade	See standard indicator handbook ⁸	World Bank	Tracked by E3	Country	Annual	N/A					
(X+M) as a percentage of GDP [SI 4.2- I0] ⁷	Sum of exports as % of GDP and imports as % of GDP. Missions are not expected to report on this indicator. The information is tracked by EGAT.	World Development Indicators (WDI)	for Missions®								

⁷ USAID standard indicator ⁸ http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/115255.pdf

	Inter	nded Results and	Candidate Perf	ormance Indicato	rs		
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible
Value of exports (a)	Detailed Definition: The value of exports is the value of the goods at the moment they cross the border, including freight and insurance costs up to the border. Producer prices are used to correct for price changes. Unit of Measure: \$ US	National statistics	Online or by arrangement with government	Product codes, harmonized system	Collected from firms quarterly to avoid problems with recall or less frequently (if they have database to track)	Data will be analyzed quarterly and annually to determine whether there have been net gains over prior quarter; over same quarter prior year; and over several years. Calculate change in tie from Y2-Y1. Calculate average change across years as data allows.	
Volume of exports (b)	Detailed Definition: Exports of goods include all goods made in or imported into the country destined for use or consumption outside the project country.	National statistics	Online or by arrangement with government	Product	Annual	N/A	

	Inter	nded Results and	Candidate Perf	ormance Indicato	rs		
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible
Value of imports (c)	Detailed Definition: The value of imports is the value of the goods at the moment they cross the border, including freight and insurance costs up to the border. Producer prices are used to correct for price changes. Unit of Measure: \$US	National statistics	Online or by arrangement with government	Product	Annual	N/A	
Volume of imports (d)	Detailed Definition: Imports of goods include all goods made outside or imported into the country destined for use or consumption inside the country	National statistics	Online or by arrangement with government	Product	Annual	Data will be analyzed quarterly and annually to determine whether there have been net gains over prior quarter; over same quarter prior year; and over several years.	

	Inter	nded Results and (Candidate Perfo	ormance Indicato	rs		
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible
Value of exports from assisted firms/sectors (a)	Detailed Definition: The value of exports is the value of the goods at the moment they cross the border, including freight and insurance costs up to the border. Producer prices are used to correct for price changes. Unit of Measure: \$US	Firms that are being assisted by the Project	Firms will be asked to share standardized monthly summaries of the value of exports received in the current period. Firms will track changes in export values on a monthly or quarterly basis and report to IPs. IP staff or local designees will collect these forms.	Product, using harmonized codes	Data will be collected monthly from firms (to minimize problems with data recall over long periods of time)	Aggregate data from assisted firms. Data will be analyzed quarterly and annually to determine whether there have been net gains over prior quarter; over same quarter prior year; and over several years.	

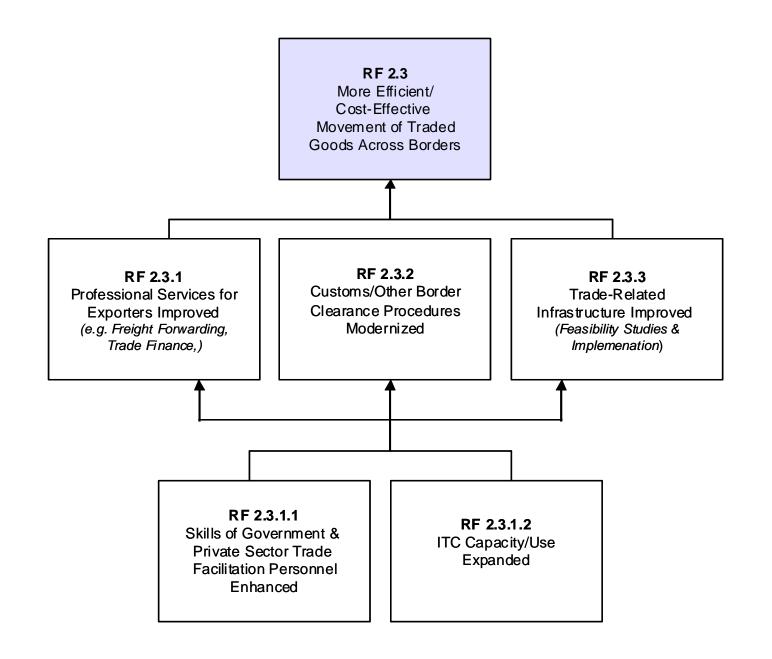
	Inter	nded Results and (Candidate Perfo	rmance Indicato	rs		
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible
Volume of exports from assisted firms/sectors (b)	Detailed Definition: The volume of goods in X produced, sold, and shipped for consumption outside the country Unit of Measure: \$US	Firms that are being assisted by the Project	Firms will be asked to share standardized monthly summaries of the volume of exports received in the current period. Firms will track changes in export volumes on a monthly or quarterly basis and report to IPs. IP staff or local designees will collect these forms	Product, using harmonized codes	Data will be collected monthly from firms (to minimize problems with data recall over long periods of time)	Aggregate data from assisted firms. Data will be analyzed quarterly and annually to determine whether there have been net gains over prior quarter; over same quarter prior year; and over several years.	

	Inter	nded Results and (Candidate Perfo	rmance Indicato	rs		
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible
Value of imports from assisted firms/sectors (c)	Detailed Definition: The value of exports is the value of the goods at the moment they cross the border, including freight and insurance costs up to the border. Producer prices are used to correct for price changes. Unit of Measure: US\$ value of import	Firms that are being assisted by the Project	Firms will be asked to share standardized monthly summaries of the value of imports received in the current period. Firms will track changes in import values on a monthly or quarterly basis and report to IPs. IP staff or local designees will collect these forms	Product, using harmonized codes	Data will be collected monthly from firms (to minimize problems with data recall over long periods of time)	Aggregate data from assisted firms. Data will be analyzed quarterly and annually to determine whether there have been net gains over prior quarter; over same quarter prior year; and over several years.	

	Inter	nded Results and (Candidate Perfo	rmance Indicato	rs		
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible
Volume of imports from assisted firms/sectors (d)	Detailed Definition: The volume of goods in X bought outside the country for consumption inside the country Volume of imports Unit of Measure: \$US	Firms that are being assisted by the Project	Firms will be asked to share standardized monthly summaries of the volume of imports received in the current period. Firms will track changes in import volumes on a monthly or quarterly basis and report to IPs. IP staff or local designees will collect these forms.	Product, using harmonized codes	Data will be collected monthly from firms (to minimize problems with data recall over long periods of time)	Aggregate data from assisted firms. Data will be analyzed quarterly and annually to determine whether there have been net gains over prior quarter; over same quarter prior year; and over several years.	
Export volume index	Detailed Definition: Export volume indexes are derived from UNCTAD's volume index series and are the ratio of the export value indexes to the corresponding unit value indexes. Unit value indexes are based on data reported by countries that demonstrate consistency under UNCTAD quality controls, supplemented by UNCTAD's estimates using the previous year's trade values at the	UNCTAD	Available online	N/A	Annual	Compare value across countries or across years. Compare current value to target value to determine achievement of objective	

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators								
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible		
	Standard International Trade Classification three-digit level as weights. Unit of Measure: Ratio								
Value of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)	Detailed Definition: FDI net inflows are the value of inward direct investment made by non-resident investors in the reporting economy, Unit of Measure: US \$ value of FDI	National statistics	Online or by arrangement with government	Sector; subsector as needed	Annual	Calculate change to determine whether there have been net gains over prior quarter; over same quarter prior year; and over			
Value of FDI in targeted sectors	Detailed Definition: : Net inflows of inward direct investment made by non-resident investors in the reporting economy and targeted sectors per project designation	National statistics	Online or by arrangement with government	Sector, possibly subsector	Quarterly	several years. Calculate change to determine whether there have been net gains over prior quarter; over same quarter prior year; and over several years.			

	Inter	nded Results and	Candidate Perf	ormance Indicato	rs		
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible
Investing across Borders ranking	Detailed Definition: This indicator is an index score of key indicators across four topics Unit of Measure: Ranking/scale	World Bank – Investing Across Borders yearly report	Available online®	Country	Annual	Compare YI to Y2; compare country	
Improved logistics performance	Detailed Definition: The World Bank's Logistics Performance Index (LPI) analyzes countries in six components: I. The efficiency of customs and border management clearance. 2. The quality of trade and transport infrastructure. 3. The ease of arranging competitively priced shipments. 4. The competence and quality of logistics services. 5. The ability to track and trace consignments. 6. The frequency with which shipments reach consignees within scheduled or expected delivery times. Unit of Measure: Rating	Logistics Performance Index	Available online®	Country; LPI component;	Annual	Calculate change in country's ranking from T1-T2 (in overall LPI score and individual components). Compare with average country change.	



Performance Indicator Candidates

More Efficient/Cost-effective Movement of Trade Goods across Borders

Illustrative Project Performance Indicators Worksheet

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators								
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible/ Notes		
Result	More efficient/cost-effective mov	rement of trade go	ods across borde	rs					
Time to import [SI 4.2.I – I6] ⁹	Detailed Definition: See standard indicator handbook ¹⁰ The time necessary to comply with all procedures required to import goods. If a procedure can be accelerated for an additional cost, the fastest legal procedure is chosen. Unit of Measure: Days	World Bank Doing Business Indicators	Tracked by E3 for Missions®	Country	Annual	T test. T2 – T1 (Change from year I – year 2)			

⁹ USAID standard indicator ¹⁰ http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/115255.pdf

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators										
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible/ Notes				
Time to export [SI 4.2.I – I6]	Detailed Definition: See standard indicator handbook 12. The time necessary to comply with all procedures required to import goods. If a procedure can be accelerated for an additional cost, the fastest legal procedure is chosen. See standard indicator handbook 13. Unit of Measure: Days	World Bank Doing Business Indicators	Tracked by E3 for Missions®	Country;	Annual	T test. T2 – T1 (Change from year I – year 2)	As above				
Number of documents required to export goods across borders decreased [SI 4.2.1 – 17] 14	See standard indicator handbook ¹⁵ Detailed Definition: Reduction in the number of documents required to trade goods across borders as imports or exports; change in the total number of documents required as per World Bank Doing Business Indicator, confirmed by the Mission. Unit of Measure: Number	World Bank Doing Business Indicators	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate change in number of necessary documents and overall ranking from TI-T2.					

¹¹ USAID standard indicator
12 http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/115255.pdf .
13 http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/115255.pdf
14 USAID standard indicator
15 http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/115255.pdf

Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators									
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible/ Notes		
Number of documents required to import goods across borders decreased [SI 4.2.1 – 17] 16	See standard indicator handbook 17 Detailed Definition: All documents required per shipment to import goods are recorded. It is assumed that the contract has already been agreed upon and signed by both parties. Documents required for clearance by government ministries, customs authorities, port and container terminal authorities, health and technical control agencies and banks are taken into account. Since payment is by letter of credit, all documents required by banks for the issuance or securing of a letter of credit are also taken into account. Documents that are renewed annually and that do not require renewal per shipment (for example, an annual tax clearance certificate) are not included. Unit of Measure: Number	World Bank Doing Business Indicators	Available online	Country	Annual	Calculate change in number of documents and overall ranking from T1-T2.			

USAID standard indicator
 http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/115255.pdf

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators										
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible/ Notes				
Lead time to export, median case	Detailed Definition: Lead time to export is the median time (the value for 50 percent of shipments) from shipment point to port of loading. Data are from the Logistics Performance Index survey. Unit of Measure: Days	Logistics Performance Index	Executive Survey; Available online	Component; Country	Annual	Calculate change in ranking and score on individual component from T1-T2. Compare to average country rating.					
Cost to import	Detailed Definition: Cost measures the fees levied on a 20-foot container in U.S. dollars (dry cargo, full container load). All the fees associated with completing the procedures to export or import the goods are included. These include costs for documents, administrative fees for customs clearance and technical control, customs broker fees, terminal handling charges and inland transport. Unit of Measure:	World Bank Doing Business Indicators	Available online •	Country	Annual	Calculate change in cost and ranking from TI-T2. Compare to average cost for other countries.	Includes cost of documents, administrative fees for customs clearance, customs broker fees, terminal handling, inland transport, but not tariffs, duties or ocean transport				

Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators										
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible/ Notes			
Cost to export	Detailed Definition: Cost measures the fees levied on a 20-foot container in U.S. dollars (dry cargo, full container load). All the fees associated with completing the procedures to export or import the goods are included. These include costs for documents, administrative fees for customs clearance and technical control, customs broker fees, terminal handling charges and inland transport. Unit of Measure: \$US Dollars	World Bank Doing Business Indicators	Available online*	Country	Annual	Calculate change in cost and ranking from TI-T2. Compare to average cost for other countries.	As above			
Perceived efficiency of customs and other border procedures	Detailed Definition: Efficiency of the clearance process, i.e., speed, simplicity and predictability of formalities by border control agencies Unit of Measure: Rating	Logistics Performance Index	Available online®	Country	Periodic; not yet published annually	Calculate change in efficiency and ranking from TI-T2. Compare to other country average ranking.				

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators										
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible/ Notes				
Perceived timeliness of shipments	Detailed Definition: Timeliness of shipments in reaching destination within the scheduled or expected delivery time Unit of Measure: Rating	Logistics Performance Index	Available online	Country	Periodic	Calculate change in timeliness and overall ranking from T1-T2. Compare to other country average ranking.	This index is not yet published annually				

Customs Modernization

Illustrative Project Performance Indicators Worksheet

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators											
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes /Person Responsible					
Result	Customs/Other Border Clearand	ce Procedures Mo	dernized									
Burden of customs procedures	Detailed Definition: Rating from 1-7 measuring business executives' perceptions of country's efficiency of customs procedures ¹⁸ Unit of Measure: Rating	World Competitivene ss Report (6.13)	Executive survey	Country	Annual; previous years not available online	Calculate change in rating and overall ranking from TI-T2. Compare to other country average ranking.	Not always available electronically					

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¹⁸ http://data.worldbank.org/indicator/IQ.WEF.CUST.XQ

	Int	ended Results a	nd Candidate Pe	erformance Indic	ators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes /Person Responsible
Time to clear customs	Detailed Definition: The cost required by shippers/exporters to clear customs at ports, airports, borders, etc. Unit of Measure: Hours/days	Customs Administration	Obtain directly from Customs Administration, processed or unprocessed on a monthly basis	Imports/exports	Data will be collected monthly from Customs Administration (to minimize problems with data recall over long periods of time)	Construct average	From the time the shipper submits documents/go ods until Customs Administration clears those goods
Number of documents required to clear customs	Detailed Definition: Number of documents required by shippers to pass goods through customs Unit of Measure: Number	Customs Administration	Obtain directly from Customs Administration, processed or unprocessed on a monthly basis	Imports/exports	Data will be collected monthly from Customs Administration (to minimize problems with data recall over long periods of time)	Average/ change from year to year	

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Pe	erformance Indic	ators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes /Person Responsible
Cost to clear customs	Detailed Definition: US \$ (fees levied on a 20 foot container) (subset of cost to import) Unit of Measure: \$US	Customs Administration	Obtain directly from Customs Administration, processed or unprocessed on a monthly basis	Imports/ exports	Data will be collected monthly from Customs Administration (to minimize problems with data recall over long periods of time)	Average/chang e from year to year	Costs limited to those directly associated with customs clearance
Value of customs revenue	Detailed Definition: The value in \$US of net revenue brought in by imported and exported goods through country Customs. Unit of Measure: US \$	Customs Administration	Obtain published data or obtain directly from Customs Administration, processed or unprocessed on a monthly basis	Imports/ exports	Data will be collected monthly from Customs Administration (to minimize problems with data recall over long periods of time)	Average/chang e from year to year	
Outputs							

	Int	ended Results a	nd Candidate Po	erformance Indic	ators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes /Person Responsible
Risk management improved/upgr aded, e.g., green line	Detailed Definition: Country specific list of changes Unit of Measure: N/A	Customs Administration	Records/intervi ews/ observation	By location, including land borders	Observations of improvements will be made annually at the Customs Administration offices by IP staff or local designees	N/A	
Physical inspection procedures upgraded/impr oved	Detailed Definition: Country specific list of changes Unit of Measure: N/A	Customs Administration	Records/intervi ews/ Observation	By location, including land borders	Observations of improvements will be made annually at the Customs Administration offices by IP staff or local designees	N/A	
Paper procedures shifted to electronic	Detailed Definition: Country specific list of changes Unit of Measure: N/A	Customs Administration	Records/intervi ews/ observation	By location, including land borders	Observations of improvements will be made annually at the Customs Administration offices by IP staff or local designees	N/A	

	Int	ended Results a	nd Candidate Po	erformance Indic	ators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes /Person Responsible
Systems simplified	Detailed Definition: Country specific list of changes Unit of Measure: N/A	Customs Administration	Records/intervi ews/ observation	By location, including land borders	Observations of improvements will be made annually at the Customs Administration offices by IP staff or local designees	N/A	
Supervisor ratings of customs staff skill in applying new/upgraded procedures	Detailed Definition: Comparison of performance to norms Unit of Measure: Rating	Supervisor staff in Customs Administration	Requires the development of a rating form for comparing performance to norms; briefing/orienta tion for supervisor raters on observing performance	By location (if more than one Customs unit is involved) and by sex of staff member.	Rating form for comparing performance by Supervisor staff in Customs Administration will be completed biannually for each staff member	Average	Valuable at the start when close supervision can spot and correct errors. Differences between raters can be an issue.

	Int	ended Results	and Candidate P	erformance Indic	ators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes /Person Responsible
Establishment of a national Customs website*	Detailed Definition: The existence of a national Customs website that makes available a minimal set of information related to import or export procedures in one of the official WTO languages. An official Customs website should at least cover the description of importation, exportation and transit precedures, electronic links to the forms and documents required, and the relevant legislation. A national Customs website can be part of a wider website like the Ministry of Trade and Finance website. Unit of Measure: Existence of website	OECD Trade Facilitation Indicators: the Impact on Trade Costs (Variable I)	Confirm the existence with the National Customs Administration	N/A	Once	N/A	

	Int	ended Results a	nd Candidate Pe	erformance Indic	ators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes /Person Responsible
Number of users of online customs forms	Detailed Definition: Number of exporters/importers/ relevant actors that use online customs forms Unit of Measure: Number of visits to the website by unique users	Customs Administration	Obtain published data or obtain directly from Customs Administration, processed or unprocessed on a monthly basis	Sex of user	Data will be collected monthly from Customs Administration (to minimize problems with data recall over long periods of time)	Aggregate	
Number of customs forms processed online	Detailed Definition: Number of customs forms that are processed online by the Customs Administration to import/export Unit of Measure: Number of forms	Customs Administration	Obtain published data or obtain directly from Customs Administration, processed or unprocessed on a monthly basis	Sex of user	Data will be collected monthly from Customs Administration (to minimize problems with data recall over long periods of time)	Aggregate	
Inputs							

	Int	tended Results	and Candidate P	erformance Indic	ators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes /Person Responsible
Number of days of USG supported technical assistance in trade and investment capacity provided to counterparts or stakeholders [SI 4.2.1 – 20] ¹⁹	Detailed Definition: See standard indicator handbook ²⁰ Unit of Measure: Days	Activity records	Log of days	Customs unit	Annual or more frequently	Tally	
Person hours of training completed in trade and investment capacity building supported by USG assistance [SI 4.2.1 – 19] ²¹	Detailed Definition: See standard indicator handbook ²² Unit of Measure: Hours X trainees	Activity records	Log of trainee hours spent in training	Sex of respondent; location of respondent	Annual or more frequently	Tally of total hours. Compare with targets.	

¹⁹ USAID standard indicator
20 http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf
21 USAID standard indicator
22 http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf - Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.

	Int	ended Results a	nd Candidate P	erformance Indic	ators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes /Person Responsible
Number of counterpart/ stakeholder direct recipients of trade and investment capacity building technical assistance.	Detailed Definition: Number of people receiving technical assistance from the Project Unit of Measure: Number	Technical Assistance provider training and technical assistance logs of assistance provided	Log of individuals directly reached/assiste d during days on which technical assistance is provided	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Annual or more frequently	Tally of total numbers by year. Compare with targets.	Set up log to avoid double counting
Number of individuals trained during person hours of trade and investment capacity building training supported by the USG	Detailed Definition: Number of trainees Unit of Measure: Number	Project training attendance lists	Log of trainees	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Annual or more frequently	Tally of total numbers, by year. Compare with targets.	Set up log to avoid double counting
Information technology hardware and software and other equipment installed	Detailed Definition: Type and amounts Unit of Measure: N/A	Will be obtained by site visits to Customs Administration office and direct observation of equipment	Direct Observation/ Project Records	N/A	Annual or more frequently	N/A	

Advance Rulings

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators										
Performance	Definition/	Data	Data Collection	Disaggregate	Data	Data Analysis	Notes on				
Indicator	Unit of	Sources	Method(s)	d by	Collection	Method(s)	Indicator/Perso				
	Measure				Frequency		n Responsible				
					and						
					Schedule						
Result	WTO trade facili	tation draft compl	iant procedures on advance	rulings implement	ed.						
Number of advance	Detailed	Customs	Maintain a request log	Type of	Annual or	Aggregated if	Monthly count				
rulings requested,	Definition:	Administration	on which both hard and	submission –	more	more than one	during early stages				
disaggregated by	Number of		electronic requests are	online or hard	frequently	Customs unit	could be useful				
electronic and hard	request forms		entered, and type of	copy; possibly		maintains					
copy submission.	submitted to		submission is noted.	also		request logs					
	relevant			disaggregated							
	customs unit in			by sex of							
	both hard copy			importer/head							
	and by			of importing							
	electronic			firm)							
	submissions										
	Unit of										
	Measure:										
	Number										

		Intended	Results and Candidate F	erformance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Perso n Responsible
Number of advance rulings issued	Detailed Definition: Numbers of rulings issued in favor of the exporter by the responsible customs unit Unit of Measure: Number	Customs Administration , advance rulings department	Maintain a request log on which dates requests was received and response date, as well as disposition are recorded.	Customs unit, if more than one unit receives/ processes these requests; possibly also disaggregated by sex of importer/head of importing firm	Annual or more frequently	Aggregated if more than one Customs unit maintains request logs	Monthly count during early stages could be useful
Average time from request to issuance of advance ruling or denial.	Detailed Definition: This indicator looks at the average numbers of days it takes to issue an advance rulings ruling to requestor. The count begins from the time the requestor submits the paperwork online or from the time it is postmarked at the post-office	Customs Administration – advance ruling department	Obtain directly from Customs Administration, processed or unprocessed on a monthly basis (depending on the frequency of requests received)	Customs unit, if more than one unit receives/ processes these requests.; type of request (online vs hard copy submission)	Quarterly to avoid issues with counting and recall.	Calculate average/Averag e across quarters and years	Baseline needed/ Monthly average during early stages useful

		Intended	Results and Candidate F	Performance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Perso n Responsible
	Unit of Measure: Days						
Percentage of advance rulings (a) issued within promised/published time frame; (b) issued late, (c) denied	Detailed Definition: Percentage calculated of advanced rulings issued by issuing office: within timeframe, late , and denied Unit of Measure: %	Customs Administration	Maintain a request log on which dates requests was received and response date, as well as disposition are recorded.	Customs unit, if more than one unit receives/ processes these requests; sex of requestor; export type	Annual or more frequently	Aggregated if more than one Customs unit maintains request logs/Average across years	Monthly count during early stages could be useful
Percentage of shipments that actually clear customs based on advance rulings	Detailed Definition: Percentage of shipments clearing customs based on advanced rulings Unit of Measure: Ratio/pecentage	Customs Administration	Obtain directly from Customs Administration, processed or unprocessed	Customs unit, if more than one; border/airport/ etc	Annual or more frequently	Calculate percentage	Baseline needed for comparison
Average time for goods to clear customs	Detailed Definition: This indicator looks at the average numbers of days it takes exported/impor	Customs authority	Customs time in/out log, tagged by whether advance ruling is involved	With and without an advance ruling; Customs office type (airport, border, etc)	Annual or more frequently	Calculate average	Baseline needed for comparison

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators									
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Perso n Responsible			
	ted goods to clear customs. The count begins from the time the goods arrive at the port or border and ends when the goods are released from customs to its next destination (freight forwarder, buyer, etc) Unit of Measure: Minutes/hours/ days									
Updated advance ruling procedures/forms readily available on line/in hard copy forms at appropriate locations	Detailed Definition: Presence of forms where they are reportedly located	Customs website and physical locations	Observation/verification by activity or Customs Administration staff – compare actual to reported availability	Online, hard copy	Annual or more frequently	Routine check of website	Customer involvement in data collection could highlight issues			
Number of downloads of advance ruling procedures/forms	Detailed Definition: Number of times forms are downloaded from the customs' form	Customs Administration IT unit	Requires activation of a download counter on access pages	Type of user	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Monthly count during early stages could be useful			

		Intended	Results and Candidate F	Performance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Perso n Responsible
	webpage Unit of Measure: Number						
Output level							
Evidence of completion of implementation package/action plan, e.g., checklist	Detailed Definition: Number of steps completed compared to number to be completed	Customs Administration	Construct and complete a checklist noting date each action plan item is completed	N/A	Continuousl y until all action plan items are completed	Simple comparison	Ensure standardization of term "completion"
Supervisor ratings of customs staff skill in applying new/upgraded advance ruling procedures	Detailed Definition: Comparison of performance to norms Unit of Measure: Rating	Supervisor staff in Customs Administration	Requires the development of a rating form for comparing performance to norms; briefing/orientation for supervisor raters on observing performance	By location (if more than one Customs unit is involved) and by sex of staff member.	Annually or more frequently	Calculate average for all staff	Valuable at the start when close supervision can spot and correct errors. Differences between raters can be an issue.
Signed document demonstrating passage/adoption of a WTO trade facilitation compliant advance ruling procedures	Detailed Definition: Signed document demonstrating passage/adoptio n of a WTO trade facilitation compliant advance ruling procedures	Signed law, order or other document.	Ask Customs Administration	N/A	One time	N/A	

		Intended	Results and Candidate F	Performance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Perso n Responsible
Number of documents required to obtain an advance ruling (or change in number of documents required)	Detailed Definition: Number of forms requester must complete Unit of Measure: Number	Customs Administration	Ask Customs Administration	Requester type – categories will be determined on a project basis	Annual	Calculate average	
Evidence of publication of (a) requirements for application of advance ruling; (b) time period for issuing (i.e., not more than 150 days); (c) duration of validity	Detailed Definition: Presence of publication where they are reportedly located	Customs Administration	Comparison of what is published to what draft WTO trade facilitation agreement envisions	N/A	Initially, annual update		
Evidence of importer level of awareness of advance ruling procedures	Detailed Definition: Knowledge of procedures as evidenced by a customer survey focused on knowledge	Importers; freight forwarders	Customer survey focused on respondents knowledge of advance ruling procedure	Sex of respondent; location of respondent	Annual	Frequency distribution by answer; cross- tabs by sex, location	
Input level							

		Intended	Results and Candidate F	Performance Indi	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Perso n Responsible
Number of days of USG supported technical assistance in trade and investment capacity provided to counterparts or stakeholders [SI 4.2.1 – 20] ²³	Detailed Definition: See standard indicator handbook ²⁴ Unit of Measure: Days	Activity records	Log of days to avoid double counting	Customs unit	days	Aggregate number of hours yearly; compare average number of hours per year	
Person hours of training completed in trade and investment capacity building supported by USG assistance [SI 4.2.1 – 19] ²⁵	Detailed Definition: Hours x trainees. See standard indicator handbook ²⁶ Unit of Measure: Hours	Activity records	Log of trainee hours spent in training	Sex of respondent; location of respondent	Annual or more frequently	Aggregate number of hours yearly; compare average number of hours per year	
Number of counterpart/stakeho lder direct recipients of trade and investment capacity building technical assistance.	Detailed Definition: Number of people Unit of Measure: Number	Activity records	Log of individuals directly reached/assisted during days on which technical assistance is provided	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Annual or more frequently	Aggregate number of stakeholders yearly; compare average number of hours per year	
Number of individuals trained during person hours of trade and	Detailed Definition: Number of trainees	Activity records	Log of trainees	Sex of individuals; location of individuals	Annual or more frequently	Aggregate number of people yearly; compare	Set up log to avoid double counting

USAID standard indicator

http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf - Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.

USAID standard indicator

tushib http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf - Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators								
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregate d by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Perso n Responsible		
investment capacity building training supported by the USG	Unit of Measure: Number			(which customs units)		average number of hours per year			
Indicators specific to Country X awareness raising campaign for importers, e.g., number of radio spots, mailers sent, etc., including estimated numbers of importers reached.	Detailed Definition: TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD			

Pre-Arrival Processing/Early Release of Goods

		Intended R	lesults and Candidate	Performance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	rieasure				and Schedule	Pietriod(s)	Responsible
Result							
Number of shipments preceded by pre-arrival submissions	Detailed Definition: Total number of shipments that are preceded by submission of necessary pre-arrival documents Unit of Measure: Number	Customs Authority	Customs forms and back up materials; financial instrument if required		Monthly	Aggregate number of shipments monthly, quarterly and yearly. Compare yearly aggregations.	
Percentage of shipments preceded by pre-arrival submissions	Detailed Definition: Percentage of shipments preceded by pre-arrival submissions Unit of Measure: %	Customs Authority	Customs forms and back up materials; financial instrument if required		Monthly	Calculate number of shipments with pre- arrival submissions divided by total number of shipments	
Average time between shipment arrival and release	Detailed Definition: the average	Customs Authority	Customs forms and back up materials; financial instrument if required	With and without pre- arrival	Monthly	Calculate average	

		Intended R	esults and Candidate	Performance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	amount of time it takes between a good's arrival and its release Unit of Measure: Days (or hours)			submission			
Updated pre-arrival customs forms readily available online	Detailed Definition: Presence of forms where they are reportedly located	Customs website	Observation	N/A	Day/week/ Month/year		
Number of downloads	Detailed Definition: # of times forms are downloaded Unit of Measure: Number	Website log	Requires activation of a download counter on access pages.	Type of user	Annual or more frequently	Tally/Calculate Average	Compare with # of online submissions
Output level							
Supervisor ratings of customs staff skill in applying new/upgraded pre-arrival processing procedures	Detailed Definition: Comparison of performance to norms Unit of Measure:	Supervisor staff in Customs Administration	Requires the development of a rating form for comparing performance to norms; briefing/orientation for supervisor raters on	By location (if more than one Customs unit is involved) and by sex of staff member.	Annually or more frequently		Valuable at the start when close supervision can spot and correct errors. Differences between raters can be an issue.

		Intended R	esults and Candidate	Performance Indi	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	Rating		observing performance				
Signed document demonstrating passage/adoption of a WTO trade facilitation compliant pre-arrival processing/early release of goods procedures	Detailed Definition: Evidence of signed documents	Signed law, order or other document.	Ask Customs Administration	N/A	One time	N/A	
Evidence of completion of implementation package/action plan, e.g., checklist	Detailed Definition: Number of steps completed compared to number to be completed	Customs Administration	Construct and complete a checklist noting date each action plan item is completed	N/A	Continuously until all action plan items are completed	Simple comparison	
Supervisor ratings of customs staff skill in applying new/upgraded pre-arrival customs processing procedures	Detailed Definition: Comparison of performance to norms	Supervisor staff in Customs Administration	Requires the development of a rating form for comparing performance to norms; briefing/orientation for supervisor raters on observing performance	By location (if more than one Customs unit is involved) and by sex of staff member.	Annually or more frequently	Calculate average	Valuable at the start when close supervision can spot and correct errors. Differences between raters can be an issue.
Number of documents required to for pre- arrival customs processing (or change in number of documents required)	Detailed Definition: Number of forms requester must complete	Customs Administration	Ask Customs Administration	Requester type – categories will be determined on a project basis	Annual	Calculate average	

		Intended R	lesults and Candidate	Performance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	Unit of Measure: Number						
Evidence of publication of (a) requirements for pre-arrival processing	Detailed Definition: Presence of publication where they are reportedly located	Customs Administration	Comparison of what is published to what draft WTO trade facilitation agreement envisions	N/A	Initially, annual update	N/A	
Evidence of importer level of awareness of pre-arrival processing procedures	Detailed Definition: Knowledge of procedures	Importers; freight forwarders	Customer survey focused on respondents knowledge of prearrival processing procedure	Sex of respondent; location of respondent	Annual	Frequency distribution by answer; cross- tabs by sex, location	
Input level							
Number of days of USG supported technical assistance in trade and investment capacity provided to counterparts or stakeholders [SI 4.2.I – 20] ²⁷	Detailed Definition: Days. See standard indicator handbook ²⁸	Activity records	Log of days	Customs unit	Annual or more frequently	Tally	
Person hours of training completed in trade and investment capacity building supported by	Detailed Definition: Hours x trainees. See	Activity records	Log of trainee hours spent in training	Sex of respondent; location of respondent	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting

²⁷ USAID standard indicator
²⁸ http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf - Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators										
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible				
USG assistance [SI 4.2.I – 19] ²⁹	standard indicator handbook ³⁰ Unit of Measure: Hours										
Number of counterpart/stakeholder direct recipients of trade and investment capacity building technical assistance.	Detailed Definition: Number of people Unit of Measure: Number	Activity records	Log of individuals directly reached/assisted during days on which technical assistance is provided	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting				
Number of individuals trained during person hours of trade and investment capacity building training supported by the USG	Detailed Definition: Number of trainees Unit of Measure: Number	Activity records	Log of trainees	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting				
Indicators specific to Country X awareness raising campaign for importers, e.g., number of radio spots, mailers sent, etc., including estimated numbers of importers reached.	Detailed Definition: TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD					

²⁹ USAID standard indicator
³⁰ http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf - Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.

Expedited Shipping

		Intended R	esults and Candidate	e Performance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Result				<u> </u>			
Imports through qualified expedited shippers	Detailed Definition: Number, of shipments day/month Unit of Measure: Number	Customs Administration	Customs records	Sex of expedited shipper(s), if individual, or sex of owner of producer/exporter firm; type of export	Month/year	Tally	Keep log to avoid double counting
Percentage of imports shipped through qualified expedited shippers	Detailed Definition: Percentage of shipments; import volume; import value Unit of Measure: Percentage	Customs Administration	Customs records	Sex of expedited shipper(s), if individual, or sex of owner of producer/exporter firm, type of export	Month/year	Calculate percentage	Keep log to avoid double counting
Average time to complete import procedures	Detailed Definition: Average number of days/hours it takes to complete all	Customs Administration	Customs records	With and without an expedited shipper status	Annual	Calculate average	Keep log to avoid double counting

		Intended R	esults and Candidat	e Performance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	required import procedures Unit of Measure: Hours/ Days						
Average cost to complete import procedures	Detailed Definition: The average cost it takes to complete all required import procedures Unit of Measure: US\$	Customs Administration	Customs records	With and without an expedited shipper status	Annual	Calculate average	
Number of qualified expedited shippers	Detailed Definition: The number of shippers that are approved as expedited shippers Unit of Measure: Number	Customs Administration	Customs records	By type of shipper	Annual	Tally/Change in YI-Y2	
Number of applicants	Detailed Definition: Number of shippers that apply to	Customs Administration	Customs records	By type of applicant. Categories tbd by project	Annual	Tally/Change in YI-Y2	

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators										
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible				
	become expedited shippers, regardless of application outcome										
Number of weeks between application and approval	Detailed Definition: The number of weeks it takes for the average shipper from application submission to application approval. Aggregate of all applications	Customs Administration	Customs records	N/A	Annual	Tally/Calculate average across years	Start counting upon application submission date, not receipt date to date applicant is told of decision				
Outputs Supervisor ratings of customs staff skill in applying new/upgraded expedited shipper status and procedures	Detailed Definition: Comparison of performance to norms Unit of Measure: Rating	Supervisor staff in Customs Administration	Requires the development of a rating form for comparing performance to norms; briefing/orientation for supervisor raters on observing performance	By location (if more than one Customs unit is involved) and by sex of staff member.	Annually or more frequently	Calculate average rating	Valuable at the start when close supervision can spot and correct errors. Differences between raters can be an issue.				
Signed document adopting expedited shipper procedures	Detailed Definition: Evidence of	Customs Administration	Customs records	N/A	One time	N/A					

		Intended R	esults and Candidate	Performance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	signed document adopting expedited shipper procedures						
Evidence of publication of information on expedited shipper status and procedures	Detailed Definition: Presence of information where it is reportedly located on website	Customs Administration	Comparison of what is published to what draft WTO trade facilitation agreement envisions	N/A	Initially, annual update	N/A	
Number of forms required to qualify	Detailed Definition: Number of forms that are required to quality for expedited shipping status	Customs Administration	Customs records	N/A	Annual	Tally	
Number of applications downloaded	Detailed Definition: Number of applications that are downloaded by shippers from website	Customs Administration	Customs records		Annual	Tally	
Cost to qualify	Detailed Definition: Average cost	Customs Administration	Customs records	N/A	Annual	Count	

		Intended F	Results and Candidate	Performance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	it takes to qualify for expedited shipping status (application fee, etc)						
Private sector/exporter awareness of expedited shipper procedures	Detailed Definition: Knowledge of procedures	Importers; freight forwarders	Customer survey focused on respondents knowledge of expedited shipper procedures	Sex of respondent; location of respondent	Annual	Frequency distribution by answer; cross- tabs by sex, location	
Inputs							
Number of days of USG supported technical assistance in trade and investment capacity provided to counterparts or stakeholders [SI 4.2.1 – 20] ³¹	Detailed Definition: Days. See standard indicator handbook ³²	Activity records	Log of days	Customs unit	Annual or more frequently	Tally	
Person hours of training completed in trade and investment capacity building supported by USG assistance [SI 4.2.I – 19] ³³	Detailed Definition: Hours x trainees. See standard indicator	Activity records	Log of trainee hours spent in training	Sex of respondent; location of respondent	Annual or more frequently	Tally	

USAID standard indicator
 http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf
 Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.
 USAID standard indicator

		Intended I	Results and Candidate	Performance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Number of counterpart/stakeholder direct recipients of trade and investment capacity building technical assistance. Number of individuals	handbook ³⁴ Detailed Definition: Number of people Detailed	Activity records Activity	Log of individuals directly reached/assisted during days on which technical assistance is provided	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting
trained during person hours of trade and investment capacity building training supported by the USG	Definition: Number of trainees	records	Log of trainees	location of individuals (which customs units)	more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting
Indicators specific to Country X awareness raising campaign for importers, e.g., number of radio spots, mailers sent, etc., including estimated numbers of importers reached.	Detailed Definition: TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	

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³⁴ <u>http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf</u> - Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.

Penalty Disciplines

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators								
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible		
Result		1				-			
Average number of customs penalties issued	Detailed Definition: Average number of customs penalties issues per month/year	Customs Administration	Customs records	Basis for/type of penalty	Annual	Calculate average			
Average number of customs penalties appealed	Detailed Definition: Average number of customs penalties that are appealed per month/ year	Customs Administration	Customs records	Basis for/type of penalty	Annual	Calculate average			
Average cost of appealing a penalty	Detailed Definition: The average amount of money it takes, in US\$ to appeal a penalty	Customs Administration	Customs records	Type of penalty	Annual	Calculate average			

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators										
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible				
	Unit of Measure: US\$										
Perceived fairness of penalties	Detailed Definition: Perceived fairness of penalties as thought by shippers in a survey	Private sector importers	Survey of private sector importers to assess whether penalties are viewed as being appropriate for the infractions involved	Sex of respondent; location of respondent; type of importer	Possibly once at the start, or in pre-test stage	Frequency distribution by answer; cross- tabs by sex, location					
Average time to complete a customs penalty appeal	Detailed Definition: The average time it takes to complete a customs penalty appeal from submission to ruling regardless of outcome Unit of Measure: Days/Hours/ Months	Customs Administration	Customs records	Type of penalty	Annual	Calculate average					
Outcome ratio	Detailed Definition: The ratio of appeals that prevail compared to those that do	Customs Administration	Customs records/	Basis for/type of penalty	Annual	Calculate ratio					

Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators									
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible		
Customs revenue from	not prevail Detailed	Customs	Customs records	Basis for/type of	Annual	Tally			
penalties	Definition: The amount of money in US\$ that comes from penalties given	Administration	Customs records	penalty	Allilual	Tally			
Importer/Exporter awareness of availability of information on new/modified penalties/appeal process	Detailed Definition: Knowledge of procedures	Importers; freight forwarders	Customer survey focused on respondents knowledge of customs penalties and appeal procedures procedure	Sex of respondent; location of respondent	Annual	Frequency distribution by answer; cross- tabs by sex, location			
Output level									
Supervisor ratings of customs staff skill in applying modified penalty structure and new/upgraded appeal procedures	Detailed Definition: Comparison of performance to norms Unit of Measure: Rating	Supervisor staff in Customs Administration	Requires the development of a rating form for comparing performance to norms; briefing/orientation for supervisor raters on observing performance	By location (if more than one Customs unit is involved) and by sex of staff member.	Annually or more frequently	Calculate average rating	Valuable at the start when close supervision can spot and correct errors. Differences between raters can be an issue.		
Signed document documenting adoption or upgrading of penalties and customs penalty appeal procedures Evidence of publication	Detailed Definition: Evidence of documents Detailed	Customs Administration Customs	Customs records Comparison of what	N/A	One time Initially,	N/A			

		Intended Ro	esults and Candidate I	Performance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
of information on customs penalties and appeals procedures	Definition: Presence of information where it is reportedly located	Administration	is published to what draft WTO trade facilitation agreement envisions		annual update		
Number of steps (documents) needed to pay a penalty	Detailed Definition: Number of steps	Customs Administration	Customs Records	By penalty type	Annual	Tally/Calculate change in Y2- Y1	
Number of steps (and documents) needed to appeal a customs penalty	Detailed Definition: Number of steps required to appeal a customs penalty as required by the Customs Administration Unit of Measure: Number	Customs Administration	Customs Records	By penalty type	Annual	Tally/Calculate change in Y2- YI	
Inputs Number of days of USG supported technical assistance in trade and investment capacity provided to counterparts or	Detailed Definition: Days. See standard indicator handbook ³⁶	Activity records	Log of days	Customs unit	Annual or more frequently	Tally	

		Intended F	Results and Candidate	Performance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
stakeholders [SI 4.2.I – 201 ³⁵							
Person hours of training completed in trade and investment capacity building supported by USG assistance [SI 4.2.1 – 19] ³⁷	Detailed Definition: Hours x trainees. See standard indicator handbook ³⁸	Activity records	Log of trainee hours spent in training	Sex of respondent; location of respondent	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting
Number of counterpart/stakeholder direct recipients of trade and investment capacity building technical assistance.	Detailed Definition: Number of people	Activity records	Log of individuals directly reached/assisted during days on which technical assistance is provided	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting
Number of individuals trained during person hours of trade and investment capacity building training supported by the USG	Detailed Definition: Number of trainees	Activity records	Log of trainees	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting
Information technology hardware and software and other equipment	Detailed Definition: Type and amounts	Activity records	Direct observation	N/A	Annual or more frequently	N/A	
Indicators specific to Country X awareness raising campaign for	Detailed Definition: TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	

http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf - Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.

USAID standard indicator

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	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators									
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible			
importers, e.g., number of radio spots, mailers sent, etc., including estimated numbers of importers reached.										

Internet Publication

		Intended R	esults and Candidate I	Performance Indic	ators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Result							
Trade-related information consistent with the intent of Article I of the I0/7/II consolidated draft of the WTO Trade Facilitation Agreement readily available online and in hard copy form at designated enquiry points	Detailed Definition: Individual users can obtain hard copies or download copies of all information subsumed under this Article.	Government	Structured or unstructured Observation	Items (a) to (J) of Article I; range of locations/enquiry points deemed to constitute "accessible" (physical and online locations)	Annual	N/A	A number of these types of information are also discussed and indicators are included for other/specific WTO trade facilitation agreement draft provisions
Publications of trade- related information cross-referenced to alert private sector about all trade facilitation improvements when information on any one is pursued/obtained	Detailed Definition: For example, publication on expedited shipper status contains links to information about advance rulings and pre-arrival	Government	Structured or unstructured Observation	Type of information	Annual review	N/A	

		Intended R	esults and Candidate	Performance Indic	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	processing procedures						
Number of downloads of trade information placed online pursuant to the draft WTO Trade Facilitation Agreement, Article I	Detailed Definition: Number of downloads	Customs Administration	Requires activation of a download counter on access pages.	Type of information/user	Annual or more frequently	Tally	
Inputs							
Number of days of USG supported technical assistance in trade and investment capacity provided to counterparts or stakeholders [SI 4.2.1 – 20] ³⁹	Detailed Definition: Days. See standard indicator handbook ⁴⁰	Activity records	Log of days	Customs unit	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting
Person hours of training completed in trade and investment capacity building supported by USG assistance [SI 4.2.1 – 19] ⁴¹	Detailed Definition: Hours x trainees. See standard indicator handbook ⁴²	Activity records	Log of trainee hours spent in training	Sex of respondent; location of respondent	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting
Number of counterpart/stakeholder direct recipients of trade and investment	Detailed Definition: Number of people	Activity records	Log of individuals directly reached/assisted during days on which	Sex of individuals; location of individuals	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting

USAID standard indicator

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	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators										
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible				
capacity building technical assistance.			technical assistance is provided	(which customs units)							
Number of individuals trained during person hours of trade and investment capacity building training supported by the USG	Detailed Definition: Number of trainees	Activity records	Log of trainees	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting				
Information technology hardware and software and other equipment	Detailed Definition: Type and amounts	Activity records	Direct observation	N/A	As needed	N/A					

Transit Guarantee System

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators										
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible				
Result											
Volume of goods transshipped through Country X	Detailed Definition: Volume of goods transshipped through Country X	Customs administration	National statistics; Customs export/import data; interviews with Customs officials; transference of data	Product; destination; origin	Annual	Calculate change from Y1-Y2; determine change from baseline to current level and compare to target					
Value of goods transshipped through Country X	Detailed Definition: Value of goods transshipped through Country X	Customs administration	National statistics; Customs export/import data; interviews with Customs officials; transference of data	Product; destination; origin	Annual	Calculate change from Y1-Y2; determine change from baseline to current level and compare to target					
Number of transshipments	Detailed Definition: Number of transshipments	Customs administration	Customs records; interviews with customs officials	Product; destination; origin	Annual; can be collected Quarterly	Calculate change from Y1-Y2; determine change from baseline to current level					

		Intended Res	ults and Candidate P	erformance Indica	ators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Number of downloads of forms associated with transshipment	Detailed Definition: Number of downloads of forms associated with transshipment	Customs administration	Requires activation of a download counter on access pages.	Location	Quarterly	and compare to target Calculate change from YI-Y2; determine change from baseline to current level and compare to target; Can also do a simple count and compare to	
Country acceded to the TIR (Transport International Routière) Convention	Detailed Definition: Status of a country's membership in the TIR	Customs Administration	Observation; TIR country data	N/A	Once	target N/A	
Outputs							
Signed document recording adoption of simplified transshipment procedures consistent with the intent of Article II of the WTO draft Trade Facilitation Agreement	Detailed Definition: Signed document recording adoption of simplified transshipment procedures consistent with the intent of Article II of the	Customs Administration	Customs administration records	N/A	Once	N/A	

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators									
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible			
	WTO draft Trade Facilitation Agreement									
Publication of revised/simplified transshipment procedures online and in hard copy; wide dissemination online, through enquiry points and through neighboring country embassies.	Detailed Definition: Publication of revised/simplified transshipment procedures online and in hard copy; wide dissemination online, through enquiry points and through neighboring country embassies.	Customs Administration	Records; observation	Hard and soft copy; location	Annual review					
Number of documents required to transship goods	Detailed Definition: Number of documents required to transship goods	Customs Administration	Records; observation		Annual	Simple count; compare to target. If attempting to affect change, calculate change from baseline to current level against target (Annually)				

		Intended Res	ults and Candidate Po	erformance Indica	ators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Time required for approval of transshipment, e.g., permit	Detailed Definition: The time required for the approval of transshipment (ie to obtain approval)	Customs Administration	Customs administration records	N/A	Annual	Calculate change from YI to Y2; compare to target	
Cost of obtaining transshipment permission or permit	Detailed Definition: The cost in US\$ of obtaining a transshipment permit to ship goods	Customs Administration	Customs administration records; observation	N/A	Annual	Calculate change from YI to Y2; compare to target	
Inputs	-						
Number of days of USG supported technical assistance in trade and investment capacity provided to counterparts or stakeholders [SI 4.2.1 – 20] ⁴³	Detailed Definition: Days. See standard indicator handbook ⁴⁴	Activity records	Log of days	Customs unit	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting
Person hours of training completed in trade and investment capacity building supported by USG assistance [SI 4.2.I – 19] ⁴⁵	Detailed Definition: Hours x trainees. See standard indicator	Activity records	Log of trainee hours spent in training	Sex of respondent; location of respondent	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting

USAID standard indicator

Http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf - Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.

USAID standard indicator

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators										
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible				
Number of counterpart/stakeholder direct recipients of trade and investment capacity building technical assistance.	handbook ⁴⁶ Detailed Definition: Number of people	Activity records	Log of individuals directly reached/assisted during days on which technical assistance is provided	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Quarterly	Simple count; compare to targets	Set up log to avoid double counting				
Number of individuals trained during person hours of trade and investment capacity building training supported by the USG	Detailed Definition: Number of trainees	Activity records	Log of trainees	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Quarterly	Simple count; compare to targets	Set up log to avoid double counting				
Information technology hardware and software and other equipment	Detailed Definition: Type and amounts	Activity records	Direct observation	N/A	As needed						

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 $^{^{46} \, \}underline{\text{http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf}} \, - \, \text{Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook.} \, \text{Currently too long.}$

Trade-Related Infrastructure Improved

		Intended Resu	lts and Candidate	Performance Inc	dicators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Result	Trade-related infr	astructure improve					
Infrastructure	Detailed Definition: Quality of trade and transport related infrastructure (e.g., ports, railroads, roads, information technology)	World Bank Logistics Performance Index	Available online	N/A	Periodic		Available for 2007 and 2011, but not annually
Overall quality of infrastructure	Detailed Definition:	Global Competitiveness Report	Available online	Country	Annual		Indicator not available all years; supplementary indicators may be needed
Result		ity/efficiency improv		Carratina	Annual	l	Indianta a nat
Quality of port infrastructure	Detailed Definition: Response to survey question on Global Competitiveness report, given to firms in participating	Global Competitiveness Report (3.9)	Available online	Country	Annual		Indicator not available all years; supplementary indicators may be needed

		Intended Resu	Its and Candidat	e Performance Inc	dicators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	countries on the quality of port infrastructure in the country						
Port capacity	Detailed Definition: Volume of cargo the port is capable of handling/per year	Port authority	Port authority records	N/A			Conceptual agreement on definition, but applications vary
Shipping Vessel arrivals	Detailed Definition: Number per year	Port authority	Port authority records	N/A	Continuous arrive/depart data		
Average time in port	Detailed Definition: Number of Days container/goods sit in port from time arrival to time of release/ departure Unit of Measure: Days	Port authority	Port authority records	By cargo type; arrival and final destination;	Continuous arrive/depart data	Calculate average days	
Port and terminal charges	Detailed Definition: The charges in US\$ associated with arriving and departing goods in a given port (ie fees)	Port authority	Port authority records	By cargo type; arrival and final destination	Annual or more frequently	Calculate cost	

		Intended Resul	ts and Candidate	Performance Inc	dicators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	Unit of Measure: US\$						
Perception of road transport charges	Detailed Definition: Survey response to question on the perception of respondent on the quality/extent of road transport charges. Further information available via World Bank LPI Unit of Measure: Ranking/Rating	World Bank Logistics Performance Index	Available online	Country	Periodic		Available for 2007 and 2011
Result		lity/capacity/efficien					
Quality of railroad infrastructure	Detailed Definition: Response to survey question on Global Competitiveness report, given to firms in participating countries on the quality of road and railroad infrastructure in the country Unit of	Global Competitiveness Report (2.03)	Executive survey	Country	Annual		Indicator not available all years; supplementary indicators may be needed

		Intended Resu	lts and Candidate	Performance Inc	dicators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	Measure: Rating/Ranking						
Miles of track	Detailed Definition: Suitable for freight	Railway authority	Railway authority records		Annual		
Ton-miles of rail freight	Detailed Definition: Per year - (one ton of freight moved one mile counts as one ton-mile) Unit of Measure: Ton- miles	Railway authority	Railway authority records		Annual		
Average trip time	Detailed Definition: Between a fixed inland location and port or airport Unit of Measure: Days/Hours	Railway authority or independent source	Random sample of trips; samples size adequate to capture range		Annual	Arrival time minus start time for sample trips	
Cost of rail shipping (domestic)	Detailed Definition: Cost per ton/mile	Railway authority	Railway authority records	By destination; type of cargo	Annual		
Result	Air transport qua	lity/capacity/efficien	cy improved				
Quality of air transport infrastructure	Detailed Definition: Response to survey question	Global Competitiveness Report (2.04)	Executive survey	Country	Annual	Calculate change in ranking; compare	Indicator not available all years

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators										
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible				
	on Global Competitiveness report, given to firms in participating countries on the quality of air transport infrastructure in the country Unit of Measure: Rating/Ranking					country ranking to regional average or similar countries					
Number of airports handling cargo shipments	Detailed Definition: The number of airports at which cargo shipments are arriving	Airport authority	Airport authority records	Airport	Annual						
Average volume of cargo arriving by air	Detailed Definition: The average volume of cargo arriving by air to the airport each day/month/year	Airport authority	Airport authority records	Airport	Day/month/year						
Average volume of cargo departing by air	Detailed Definition: The average volume of cargo departing the airport by air each day/month/year	Airport authority	Airport authority records	Airport	Day/month/year						

		Intended Resu	Its and Candidate	Performance Inc	dicators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Number of cargo carriers (airlines) arrive/depart	Detailed Definition: The number of cargo carriers arriving and departing each day/week/ month	Airport authority	Airport authority records	Airport	Day/week/ month		
Cost of air transport	Detailed Definition: The average cost to transport goods by air per ton/mile	Airlines	Survey	Type of cargo; destination	Annual or more frequently		
Perception of air transport charges	Detailed Definition: Response to LPI survey given to firms to question on firm perception of air transport charges Further information available via World Bank LPI	World Bank Logistics Performance Index	Available online®	Country	Periodic		Available for 2007 and 2011. Not available for all years
Result			capacity/efficiency i	. '			
Quality of roads	Detailed Definition: Response to survey question on Global Competitiveness report, given to	World Competitiveness Report (2.02)	Executive survey	Country	Annual		

		Intended Resu	Its and Candidate	e Performance Inc	dicators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	firms in participating countries on the quality of roads in the country Unit of Measure: Rating/Ranking						
Kilometers of road	Detailed Definition: Number of kilometers of road that are passable by vehicle to transport goods	National statistics	Available online – or via government interviews	Surface or serviceability (e.g., all weather)	Annual		Data frequency may not be adequate to use as an indicator
Kilometers of multi-lane divided highway	Detailed Definition: Number of kilometers of multi-lane divided highway that is functional and passable in country	National statistics	Available online – or via government interviews	Surface or serviceability (e.g., all weather)	Annual		
Average trip time	Detailed Definition: The average trip time between a fixed inland location and port or airport	Project research; National statistics	Surveys; Trade Hub research (Africa)	Surface or serviceability (e.g., all weather)	Annual		Availability of information depends on region and country
Average road user costs/trip	Detailed Definition: the average cost for	Project-level research; National	Surveys; trade hub research (Africa)	By type of surface or serviceability	Annual		

		Intended Resul	ts and Candidate	Performance Inc	dicators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	each road user, including fees; gasoline and other associated costs	statistics		(e.g., all weather)			
Perception of road transport charges	Detailed Definition: Response by firms to survey question on perception of road transport charges Further information available via	World Bank Logistics Performance Index	Available online	Country	Periodic		Available for 2007 and 2011
Average truck speed	World Bank LPI Detailed Definition: The average speed a truck drives on X road Unit of Measure: Km per hour	National statistics or police records; Activity Records	Survey; interviews with police	By type of surface or serviceability (e.g., all weather)	Annual		
Input Level							
Kilometers of roads	Detailed	Activity	Activity records	By type of			
constructed or repaired	Definition: See	Records;		surface or			
with USG assistance (SI 4.4.3-13) ⁴⁷	standard indicator handbook ⁴⁸	government		serviceability (e.g., all			

USAID standard indicator

ttp://www.state.gov/f/indicators/index.htm

		Intended Resu	Its and Candidate	Performance Inc	dicators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
				weather)			
Port construction or upgrading	Detailed Definition: Evidence of upgrades or construction at X port	Activity Records; government	Activity records; observation	Location	Annual		
Railway expansion or upgrading	Detailed Definition: Evidence of upgrades of construction at X railway	Activity Records; government	Activity records; observation	Location	Annual		
Airport construction or upgrading	Detailed Definition: Evidence of upgrades or construction at airport	Activity Records; government	Activity records; observation	Location	Annual		
Number of days of USG supported technical assistance in trade and investment capacity provided to counterparts or stakeholders [SI 4.2.1 – 20] ⁴⁹	Detailed Definition: Days. See standard indicator handbook ⁵⁰	Activity records	Log of days	Customs unit	Annual or more frequently	Tally	
Person hours of training completed in trade and investment capacity building supported by	Detailed Definition: Hours x trainees. See	Activity records	Log of trainee hours spent in training	Sex of respondent; location of respondent	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting

USAID standard indicator

to http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf - Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.

		Intended Resu	Its and Candidate	Performance Inc	dicators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
USG assistance [SI 4.2.I – 19] ⁵¹	standard indicator handbook ⁵²						
Number of counterpart/stakeholder direct recipients of trade and investment capacity building technical assistance.	Detailed Definition: Number of people	Activity records	Log of individuals directly reached/assisted during days on which technical assistance is provided	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting
Number of individuals trained during person hours of trade and investment capacity building training supported by the USG	Detailed Definition: Number of trainees	Activity records	Log of trainees	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting

USAID standard indicator

by http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf - Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.

Professional Services for Exporters Improved (e.g., Freight Forwarding)

		Intended Resu	Its and Candidate Pe	erformance Indica	tors		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Result	Professional servi	ces for exporters ir	nproved (e.g., freight fo	rwarding, logistics m	anagement, truc	king)	
Logistics competence	Detailed Definition: Competence and quality of logistics services (e.g., transport operators, customs brokers)	World Bank Logistics Performance Index	Available online	Country	Periodic		Available for 2007 and 2011
Tracking and tracing	Detailed Definition: Ability to track and trace consignments	World Bank Logistics Performance Index	Available online®	Country	Periodic		Available for 2007 and 2011
International shipments	Detailed Definition: Survey response to question on perception of "Ease of arranging competitively	World Bank Logistics Performance Index	Available online	Country	Periodic		Available for 2007 and 2011

		Intended Resu	Its and Candidate Po	erformance Indica	itors		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	priced shipments" in X country						
Perception of warehousing/ transshipment charges	Detailed Definition: Survey response to question on "warehousing and transshipment charges" in X country	World Bank Logistics Performance Index	Available online®	Country	Periodic		Available for 2007 and 2011
Private sector trucking capacity	Detailed Definition: Volume of cargo the trucking industry is capable of handling at a given time	Trucking firms	Survey	Product/sector	Annual		
Average fleet fuel efficiency	Detailed Definition: Average km achieved per gallon by trucks	Trucking firms	Survey		Annual		
Private sector warehousing/freight handling capacity	Detailed Definition: Volume of cargo the private sector firms are capable of storing at a	Private sector firms	Firm Survey		Annual		

		Intended Resu	Its and Candidate Pe	erformance Indica	itors		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	given time	_					
Cold storage capacity	Detailed Definition: Cubic meters under private sector firms for perishable cargo storage	Private sector firms	Firm Survey		Annual		
Spoilage/waste	Detailed Definition: Percentage of perishable product volume/value lost to spoilage/ waste, including loss of moisture and product tossed by logistics provider or rejected by buyer	Logistics intermediary	Product weight/volume log (in/out or shipped)	Type of product	Weekly/ monthly/ annually	Calculate average	
Irregular payments or bribes	Detailed Definition: Average score across the five components of the following Executive	World Competitiveness Report (1.05)	Executive survey	Country	Annual	Calculate change	Included here as these firms are the ones most likely to be exposed to demands for payments/bribes

		Intended Resu	Its and Candidate Pe	erformance Indica	itors		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	Opinion Survey question ⁵³ .						
Corruption Perception Index Score (SI 2.2.4- 8) ⁵⁴	Detailed Definition: See standard indicator handbook ⁵⁵	Annual Survey given to firms	Firm Survey	Type of respondent	Annual	Calculate change	Included here as these firms are the ones most likely to be exposed to demands for payments/bribes
Output level							
Number of assisted logistics/freight forwarding/trucking firms that adopt new/improved practices	Detailed Definition: Number of firms that adopt new or improved practices	Activity records	Follow up interviews/survey and/or observation	Type of firm; sex of firm owner	Annual	Tally	Definition of "new" and "improved" needs to be agreed upon by project
Input level							
Number of days of USG supported technical assistance in trade and investment capacity provided to counterparts or stakeholders [SI 4.2.1 – 20] ⁵⁶	Detailed Definition: Days. See standard indicator handbook ⁵⁷	Activity records	Log of days	Customs unit	Annual or more frequently	Tally	Set up log to avoid double counting
Person hours of training completed in trade and	Detailed Definition:	Activity records	Log of trainee hours spent in training	Sex of respondent;	Annual or more	Tally, aggregated	Set up log to avoid double counting

http://www.datapult.info/en/content/irregular-payments-and-bribes

54 USAID standard indicator

55 http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf - Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.

56 USAID standard indicator

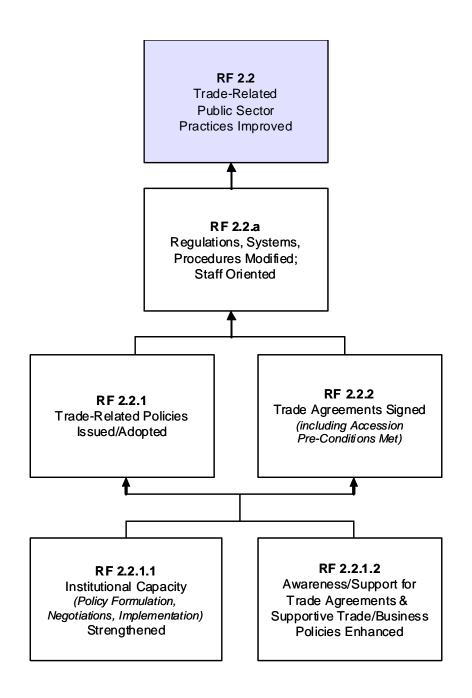
57 http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf - Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.

		Intended Resu	Its and Candidate Pe	rformance Indica	tors		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
investment capacity building supported by USG assistance [SI 4.2.1 - 19] ⁵⁸	Hours x trainees. See standard indicator handbook ⁵⁹			location of respondent	frequently	and compared annually	
Number of counterpart/stakeholder direct recipients of trade and investment capacity building technical assistance.	Detailed Definition: Number of people that are receiving /have received trade and investment capacity building technical assistance by the project	Activity records	Log of individuals directly reached/assisted during days on which technical assistance is provided	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Annual or more frequently	Tally, aggregated and compared annually	Set up log to avoid double counting
Number of individuals trained during person hours of trade and investment capacity building training supported by the USG	Detailed Definition: Number of trainees that participated in trade and investment capacity building training supported by a USG project/program	Activity records	Log of trainees	Sex of individuals; location of individuals (which customs units)	Annual or more frequently	Tally, aggregated and compared annually	Set up log to avoid double counting
Loans or other resources provided to	Detailed Definition:	Activity records	Spreadsheet of loans	Sex of individuals	Annual or more	Tally, aggregated	Set up spreadsheet to avoid double

USAID standard indicator

59 http://www.state.gov/documents/organization/101765.pdf - Need to determine how to shorten indicators to fit into this handbook. Currently too long.

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators									
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible			
logistics/freight forwarding/trucking firms	Number and average value of loan or other resources				frequently	and compared annually	counting			



Trade-Related Public Sector Practices Improved

		Intended Results and Candidate	Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Result: Trade-Rel	ated Public Sector Practices, S	ystems [Behavior] Improved					
	Detailed Definition: , the signatory must: - Maintain conformance with ISO/IEC 17011, related ILAC guidance documents, and a few, but important, supplementary requirements, and -Ensure that all its accredited laboratories comply with ISO/IEC 17025 of ISO 15189 (for medical testing laboratories) and related ILAC guidance documents. These signatories have, in turn, been peer-reviewed and shown to meet ILAC's criteria for competence. Can be a scaled indicator: I=only testing or calibration 2=both 0=neither	International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC) http://www.ilac.org/ilacarrangement.	Available online®	N/A	Annual, or as needed	Comparison of signatories from YI to Y2 to Y3 etc.	Accreditation bodies that meet the requirements for Associates (below) and have also been accepted as signatories to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement. Each accreditation body that is a signatory to the Arrangement agrees to abide by its terms and conditions and by the ILAC evaluation procedures.
ILAC MRA	requirements, and -Ensure that all its accredited laboratories comply with ISO/IEC 17025 of ISO 15189 (for medical testing laboratories) and related ILAC guidance documents. These signatories have, in turn, been peer-reviewed and shown to meet ILAC's criteria for competence. Can be a scaled indicator: I=only testing or calibration 2=both	Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC)				etc.	signatories to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement. Each accreditation body that is a signatory the Arrangement agrees to abide by terms and condition and by the ILAC

		Intended Results and Candidate	Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
IAF MRA	Detailed Definition: Signatory status to IAF Multilateral Recognition Arrangement. Can be a scaled variable: 0=signatory to none I=signatory to QMS, EMS, or Product MRA 2=signatory to two of the three 3=signatory to all three	IAF http://www.iaf.nu/	Available online®	N/A	Annual or as needed	Comparison of signatories from YI to Y2 to Y3 etc.	The mechanism by which IAF implements its objective is the IAF Multilateral Recognition Arrangement (MLA). Accreditation body members of IAF are admitted to the MLA only after a most stringent evaluation of their operations by a peer evaluation team which is charged to ensure that the applicant member complies fully with both the international standards and IAF requirements. Once an accreditation body is a member of the MLA it is required to recognize the certificates issued by certification/registration bodies accredited by all other members of the MLA.
Bureau International des Poids et Mesures (BIPM) Signatory	Detailed Definition: Status of membership in BIPM. See data source for more detailed information regarding requirements. Can be a scaled	BIPM http://www.bipm.org/utils/en/pdf/sig natories.pdf	Available online	N/A	Annual, or as needed.	Comparison of signatories from YI to Y2 to Y3	

		Intended Results and Candidate	Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	variable: 0=no affiliation I=associate 2=member					etc. Change in status for a single country or lab.	
OIML Member	Detailed Definition: The status of a country's membership in OIML; ie is the country a signatory at a given point in time	OIML http://www.oiml.org/dbase_membe rs/dbsearch.html	Available online	N/A	Annual, or as needed	Comparison of signatories from YI to Y2 to Y3 etc. Change in status for a single country or lab.	
% of Firms that Trade Identifying Customs & Trade Regulations as a Major Constraint	Detailed Definition: The number of firms divided by the total number of firms in sample that identify customs and trade regulations as a major constraint. More information available online	WB Enterprise Surveys	Available online®	By country; type of firm; sector	Published Annually	Change in % from YI to Y2	
IPR Protection	Detailed Definition: Average responses in each country to questions included in the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey, conducted in the early months of each year. Survey question: Intellectual property protection and anticounterfeiting measures in your country are (I = weak	GCR indicator 1.02	Available online®	N/A	Annual	Comparison of response/ra nking from YI to Y2; comparison of Country X with Country Y	Ordinal, 1 (worst) to 7 (best)

Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators									
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible		
	and not enforced, 7 = strong and enforced)								
Prevalence of Trade Barriers	Detailed Definition: Average responses in each country to questions included in the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey, conducted in the early months of each year. Survey Question: In your country, tariff and nontariff barriers significantly reduce the ability of imported goods to compete in the domestic market (I = strongly agree, 7 = strongly disagree)	GCR indicator 6.09	Available online*	N/A	Annual	Comparison of response/ra nking from YI to Y2; comparison of Country X with Country Y	Ordinal, 1 (worst) to 7 (best)		
Business impact of rules on FDI	Detailed Definition: Average responses in each country to questions included in the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey, conducted in the early months of each year.	GCR indicator 6.12	Available online®	N/A	Annual	Comparison of response/ra nking from YI to Y2; comparison of Country X with Country Y	Not reported/collected yearly Ordinal, 1 (worst) to 7 (best)		
Restrictions on capital flows	Detailed Definition: Average responses in each country to questions included in the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey, conducted in the early	GCR indicator 8.05	Available online®	N/A	Annual	Comparison of response/ra nking from YI to Y2; comparison	Not collected/reported annually Ordinal, 1 (worst) to 7		

		Intended Results and Candidat	te Performance	e Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	months of each year. Survey question: The inflow and outflow of capital into and from your country is (I = highly restricted by law, 7 = not restricted by law)					of Country X with Country Y	(best)
Strength of investor protection	Detailed Definition: Average responses in each country to questions included in the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey, conducted in the early months of each year. This variable is a combination of the Extent of disclosure index (transparency of transactions), the Extent of director liability index (liability for self-dealing), and the Ease of shareholder suit index (shareholders' ability to sue officers and directors for misconduct), provided to the GCR by the WB Doing Business report.	GCR indicator 8.06	Available online*	N/A	Annual	Comparison of response/ra nking from YI to Y2; comparison of Country X with Country Y	Not collected/reported annually Ordinal, 1 (worst) to 7 (best)
Export marketing board	Detailed Definition: Dummy variable (I=country has export marketing board)	Wacziarg and Welch (2008)					The XMB criterion is no longer confined to African countries (as it was in Sachs-Warner), but applies to all

		Intended Results and Candidate	Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
							countries in the updated data. The definition of an export marketing board was expanded to encompass any form of state monopoly over major exports.
Result: Trade Polic	ies Issued/Adopted		.	I	T A .	T	
	Detailed Definition: This indicator reflects the number of dispute rulings in which a member economy served as a defendant at the		Available online		Annual		
	time the data was collected.	WB - World Trade Indicators :					
WTO dispute ruling (as a Defendant)	Unit of Measure: Scale/Ratio	http://info.worldbank.org/etools/wti 2008/1b.asp?pillarID=1&indList=173 ®ionID=0&periodID=40					
•	Detailed Definition: In this sector specific index developed by the U.S. International Trade Commission, each country is assigned scores based on the extent of liberalization in a country's commitments under the GATS. Relative in market	WB - World Trade Indicators (WTI):	Available online®	Country; sector	Annual	Comparison of scores from YI to Y2 or across countries; time series	
USITC Banking GATS commitment Index	Unit of Measure: Scale/Ratio	http://info.worldbank.org/etools/wti 2008/1b.asp?pillarID=1&indList=173 ®ionID=0&periodID=40					
ITU foreign participation/owne	Detailed Definition: This indicator is based on the	WTI http://info.worldbank.org/etools/wti	Available	Country	Annual; or as needed	Calculate change in	

		Intended Results and Candidate	Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
rship in telecom sector (%)	2007 ITU private sector participation survey which measures the maximum foreign participation or ownership allowed in a country's telecom sector. The overall score averages scored in eight subcategories, which range from 0 to 100 with the higher value representing greater foreign competition in the market. Unit of Measure: Ordinal, 0 (worst) to 100 (best)	2008/1b.asp?pillarID=1&indList=173 ®ionID=0&periodID=40	online			overall score from Y1-Y2; compare Country X to Country Y; Rank countries; disaggregate score and use relevant info to tailor project activities	
ITU competition index in telecom sector	Detailed Definition: This index reflects the level of competition in a country's telecommunications sector for international long distance calls, mobile phones, and internet service providers. Based on the most recent industry competition level (monopoly, partial competition, or competition), each subsector is assigned a value of 0 to 2 (with the higher value representing great competition in the market). The index is then calculated as the simple average of the three subsector indicator values.	WTI. ITU World Telecom Regulatory Database	Available online®	Country; sector componen t; industry.	Annual	Calculate change in overall score from YI-Y2; compare Country X to Country Y; Rank countries; disaggregate score and use relevant info to tailor project activities	May not be collected every year

Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators									
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible		
Trade Freedom Index	Detailed Definition: Trade freedom is a composite measure of the absence of tariff and non-tariff barriers that affect imports and exports of goods and services. The trade freedom score is based on two inputs: •The trade-weighted average tariff rate and •Non-tariff barriers (NTBs). Detailed Definition: The Index evaluates a variety of restrictions that are typically imposed on investment. Points, as indicated below, are deducted from the ideal score of 100 for each of the restrictions found in a country's investment regime. It is not necessary for a government to impose all of the listed restrictions at the maximum level to effectively eliminate investment freedom. Those few governments that	Heritage Foundation http://www.heritage.org/index/trade -freedom http://www.heritage.org/index/expl ore Heritage Foundation http://www.heritage.org/index/inves tment-freedom http://www.heritage.org/index/ranki ng	Available online Available online	Country	Annual	Calculate annual change in ranking for individual countries, or average ranking for clusters of countries; identify data trends and patterns in types of trade restrictions Calculate annual change in ranking for individual countries, or average ranking for clusters of countries; identify data trends and patterns in types of investment			
Investment Freedom Index	impose so many restrictions that they total more than 100					restrictions			

		Intended Results and Candidate	Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	points in deductions have had their scores set at zero.						
TTRI (MFN applied	Detailed Definition: Tariff Trade Restrictiveness Index or TTRI (MFN applied tariff) – All Goods calculates the equivalent uniform tariff of a country's tariff schedule that would keep domestic import levels constant. Product level tariffs are weighted by import shares as well as the responsiveness of imports to price changes (import demand elasticity). It is expressed as a tariff rate.	(WTI) World Bank Development Research Group – Trade Research Unit DECRG using UNCTAD TRAINS And COMTRADE through WITS. NTMs data are primarily from UNCTAD and not updated. See Kee, Nicita and Olarreaga (KNO) (2008) "Global Monitoring Report 2008 – Overall Trade Restrictiveness Indices" (http://go.worldbank.org/C5VOJIV3 H0). The WTI's TTRI is equivalent to "OTRI –Tariffs only" in KNO	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from Y1-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in Y1 vs Y2.	
OTRI (MFN applied	Detailed Definition: Overall Trade Restrictiveness Index or OTRI (MFN applied tariff + Nontariff Measures) All Goods calculates the equivalent uniform tariff of a country's tariff schedule and non-tariff measures (NTMs) that would maintain domestic import levels. It is expressed as a tariff rate. NTMs considered	terminology. (WTI) World Bank Development Research Group – Trade Research Unit DECRG using UNCTAD TRAINS and COMTRADE through WITS. See Kee, Nicita and Olarreaga (KNO), 2008 "Global Monitoring Report 2008 – Overall Trade Restrictiveness Indices" (http://go.worldbank.org/C5VQJIV3 H0).	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from YI-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in YI vs Y2.	
tariff+NTMs)-All goods	include price control measures, quantity restrictions,	The WTI's OTRI is equivalent to "OTRI –Tariffs and NTBs" in KNO					

		Intended Results and Candidate	Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	monopolistic measures, technical regulations, and agriculture support.	terminology.					
OTRI (applied tariff incl. prefs+NTMs)-All Goods	Detailed Definition: Overall Trade Restrictiveness Index or OTRI (MFN applied tariff + Nontariff Measures) All Goods calculates the equivalent uniform tariff of a country's tariff schedule and non-tariff measures (NTMs) that would maintain domestic import levels. It is expressed as a tariff rate. NTMs considered include price control measures, quantity restrictions, monopolistic measures, technical regulations, and agriculture support.	(WTI) World Bank Development Research Group – Trade Research Unit DECRG using UNCTAD TRAINS and COMTRADE through WITS. See Kee, Nicita and Olarreaga (KNO), 2008 "Global Monitoring Report 2008 – Overall Trade Restrictiveness Indices" (http://go.worldbank.org/C5VQJIV3 H0). The WTI's OTRI is equivalent to "OTRI –Tariffs and NTBs" in KNO terminology.	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from YI-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in YI vs Y2.	
TTRI (applied tariff incl. prefs)-All Goods	Detailed Definition: Tariff Trade Restrictiveness Index or TTRI (applied tariff including preferences) – All Goods calculates the equivalent uniform tariff of a country's tariff schedule that would keep domestic import levels constant, including preferential tariffs. Product level tariffs are weighted by import shares as well as the responsiveness of imports to price changes (import demand elasticity). It is	(WTI) World Bank Development Research Group – Trade Research Unit DECRG using UNCTAD TRAINS and COMTRADE through WITS. See Kee, Nicita and Olarreaga (KNO), 2008 "Global Monitoring Report 2008 – Overall Trade Restrictiveness Indices" (http://go.worldbank.org/C5VQJIV3 H0). The WTI's TTRI is equivalent to	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from YI-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in YI vs. Y2.	

		Intended Results and Candidate	e Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	expressed as a tariff rate.	"OTRI –Tariffs only" in KNO terminology.					
MFN applied tariff- Simple Average-All Goods (%)	Detailed Definition: Simple mean most favored nation tariff rate is the unweighted average of most favored nation rates for all products subject to tariffs calculated for all traded goods. Data are classified using the Harmonized System of trade at the six- or eight-digit level. Tariff line data were matched to Standard International Trade Classification (SITC) revision 3 codes to define commodity groups. For more info: http://www.wto.org/english/res_e/statis_e/popup_indicator_help_e.htm	WTI As calculated by the World Bank Institute. UNCTAD TRAINS tariff database through WITS until 2004, then ITC database	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from YI-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in YI vs. Y2.	
MFN applied tariff-	Detailed Definition: All Goods is calculated as the average of the MFN applied tariff rates (includes ad valorem only specific tariffs), available at HS 6- digit product level in a country's customs schedule. For more info http://www.wto.org/english/res	WTI As calculated by the World Bank	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from YI-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in YI vs. Y2.	
Dispersion-All Goods (AV or AV + AVE)	_e/statis_e/popup_indicator_h elp_e.htm	Institute. UNCTAD TRAINS tariff database through WITS until 2004, then ITC database					
MFN applied tariff-	Detailed Definition:	WTI	Available	Country	Annual	Calculate	

		Intended Results and Candidate	e Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Maximum-All Goods (%)	All Goods is calculated as the average of the MFN applied tariff rates (includes ad valorem only specific tariffs), available at HS 6- digit product level in a country's customs schedule. For more info http://www.wto.org/english/res_e/statis_e/popup_indicator_help_e.htm	As calculated by the World Bank Institute. UNCTAD TRAINS tariff database through WITS until 2004, then ITC database	online*			average change from YI-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in YI vs. Y2.	
MFN applied tariff - Weighted Average - All Goods (%)	Detailed Definition: All Goods is calculated as the average of the MFN applied tariff rates (includes ad valorem only specific tariffs), available at HS 6- digit product level in a country's customs schedule. For more info http://www.wto.org/english/res_e/statis_e/popup_indicator_help_e.htm	WTI As calculated by the World Bank Institute. UNCTAD TRAINS tariff database through WITS until 2004, then ITC database	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from Y1-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in Y1 vs. Y2.	
MFN applied (AV- only) tariff - Simple Average - All Goods (%)	Detailed Definition: MFN Applied Tariff (AVonly) – All Goods is calculated as the average of the MFN applied tariff rates (includes ad valorem only specific tariffs), available at HS 6- digit product level in a country's customs schedule.	(WTI) As calculated by the World Bank Institute. UNCTAD TRAINS tariff database through WITS until 2004, then ITC database for 2005-13.	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from YI-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in YI vs. Y2.	
Applied Tariff - Dispersion - All	Detailed Definition: All Goods is calculated as the	(WTI) As calculated by the World Bank	Available	Country	Annual	Calculate average	

		Intended Results and Candidate	e Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Goods (%)	average of the applied tariff rates including preferential rates, available at HS 6-digit product level in a country's customs schedule.	Institute. UNCTAD TRAINS tariff database through WITS until 2004, then ITC database	online*			change from Y1-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in Y1 vs. Y2.	
Applied Tariff - Maximum - All Goods (%)	Detailed Definition: All Goods is calculated as the average of the applied tariff rates including preferential rates, available at HS 6-digit product level in a country's customs schedule.	(WTI) As calculated by the World Bank Institute. UNCTAD TRAINS tariff database through WITS until 2004, then ITC database	Available online	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from Y1-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in Y1 vs. Y2.	
Applied Tariff - Weighted Average - All Goods (%)	Detailed Definition: All Goods is calculated as the average of the applied tariff rates including preferential rates, available at HS 6-digit product level in a country's customs schedule.	(WTI)	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from Y1-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in Y1 vs. Y2.	
Applied tariff escalation (%diff, raw to finished) - All Goods (%)	Detailed Definition: MFN Applied Tariff Escalation (difference – finished raw) – All Goods is calculated as the percentage point difference between the applied tariffs for finished (or fully processed) goods and the applied tariffs for raw materials (or primary	(WTI) World Bank Institute. Until 2004 UNCTAD TRAINS through WITS using WTO classification of tariff lines for primary, intermediate, and finished product categories; ITC database for 2005-13	Available online	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from YI-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in YI vs. Y2.	

		Intended Results and Candidate	Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Applied tariff escalation	products). Detailed Definition: MFN Applied Tariff Escalation (Percentage – finished raw) – All Goods is calculated as the percentage change between the applied tariffs for finished (or fully processed) goods and	(WTI) World Bank Institute until 2004 UNCTAD TRAINS through WITS using WTO classification of tariff	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from YI-Y2 in Country X or compare country X	
(%change, raw to finished) - All Goods (%)	theapplied tariffs for raw materials (or primary products). Detailed Definition: All Goods calculates the	lines for primary, intermediate, and finished product categories; ITC database for 2005-13	Available	Country	Annual	to country Y in YI vs. Y2. Calculate average	
MFN-0 Import Value (% Total Imports) - All Goods	total share of lines in the country's tariff schedule that are duty free. It is expressed as a percentage of total lines.	(WTI) As calculated by the World Bank Institute. UNCTAD TRAINS tariff database through WITS until 2004, then ITC database	online [®]			change from YI-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in YI vs. Y2.	
Share of Tariff Lines with MFN-0 - All Goods (%)	Detailed Definition: All Goods calculates the total share of lines in the country's tariff schedule that are duty free. It is expressed as a percentage of total lines.	(WTI) As calculated by the World Bank Institute. UNCTAD TRAINS tariff database through WITS until 2004, then ITC database	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from Y1-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in Y1 vs. Y2.	
Customs and Other Import Duties as a % of Imports	Detailed Definition: Customs and Other Import Duties (as a percent of Goods Imports) is calculated as customs and other import	(WTI) World Bank WDI database and IMF Government Finance Statistics database	Available online	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from YI-Y2 in Country X	

		Intended Results and Candidat	e Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	duties divided by goods imports of a country evaluated in US dollars. Since the collected duties or revenues are based import customs, the ratio represents the implicit ad valorem tariff of a country, except excluding certain exemptions in many developing countries. It is expressed as a percentage of goods imports.					or compare country X to country Y in YI vs. Y2.	
	Detailed Definition:		Available	Country	Annual	Calculate	
	Share of Tariff Lines with Domestic Peaks (%) All Goods calculates the total share of lines in		online*	,		average change from YI-Y2 in Country X	
Share of Tariff Lines with Domestic Peaks - All Goods (%)	the country's MFN tariff schedule with the value above 3 times the simple average tariff. It is expressed as a percentage of total lines.	(WTI) World Bank Institute. UNCTAD TRAINS database through WITS until 2004, then ITC database				or compare country X to country Y in YI vs. Y2.	
	Detailed Definition: Share of Tariff Lines with International Peaks (%) All Goods calculates the total share of lines in the country	(WTI)	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from YI-Y2 in Country X	
Share of Tariff Lines with International Peaks - All Goods (%)	tariff schedule with applied tariff rates that exceeds 15 percent. It is expressed as a percentage of total lines.	World Bank Institute. UNCTAD TRAINS database through WITS until 2006, then ITC database.				or compare country X to country Y in Y1 vs. Y2.	
Share of Tariff Lines Bound - All Goods (%)	Detailed Definition: Share of Tariff Lines Bound All Goods calculates the total	(WTI) World Bank Institute. UNCTAD	Available online	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from	

		Intended Results and Candidate	Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	share of lines in the country's tariff schedule bound subject to WTO Negotiation Agreements. The bound rate is also called the ceiling rate which is the highest rate of duty levied on a product allowed under the GATT/WTO agreements in market access for the WTO members. It is expressed as a percentage of total lines.	TRAINS database through WITS until 2006, then ITC database.				YI-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in YI vs. Y2.	
Total Overhang - All Goods (%)	Detailed Definition: Total Overhang All Goods calculates the differences (hangover) between the average bound rates and the average MFN applied rates at the HS 6-digit tariff line level in a country's customs schedule. It is equivalent to subtracting the average of all MFN applied rates from the average of all bound rates for each country. Total Overhang can be negative as a result of: 1) It is final bound minus the current tariff (which may or may not be below the bound which has yet to be implemented) or 2) Both are simple averages and, after averaging, the averaged bound could fall below the average	(WTI) World Bank Institute. UNCTAD TRAINS database through WITS until 2004, then ITC database (2005-09).	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from YI-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in YI vs. Y2.	

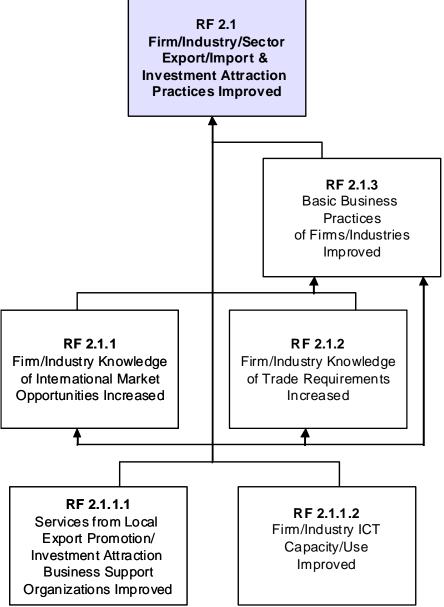
	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators									
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible			
	tariff as some tariffs may or may not have a bound. For countries with low World Trade Indicators 2009/10 Page 10 coverage of tariff lines binding, their tariff hangover will be larger and the concession commitments will be justified during new negotiations.									
Specific Tariff Frequency Ratio (% Total Lines) - All Goods	Detailed Definition: Frequency Ratio of NonAd Valorem Tariff (% Total Lines) All Goods calculates the number of HS tariff lines with at least one specific tariff, compound tariff or other non- ad valorem tariff, as a percentage share of the total number of HS tariff lines. A specific tariff is a tariff that does not vary with price, but is a tax per unit.	WTI World Bank Institute. WTO IDB database through WITS through 2004. ITC database 2005-09.	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate average change from YI-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y in YI vs. Y2.				
Result: Trade Agr		Lvers	T A	<u> </u>	T A .					
	Detailed Definition: A country's status as a member of the WTO Unit of Measure: N/A	WTO	Available online	Country	Annual; as needed	Calculate average change from Y1-Y2 in Country X or compare country X to country Y				
WTO Status						in YI vs. Y2.				

		Intended Results and Candidate	Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
RTA Membership	Detailed Definition: The status of a country's membership in an RTA(s) Unit of Measure: N/A	WTO	Available online	Country	As needed	Monitor changes in membership status from YI-Y2.	
Result: Institution		on, Negotiations, Implementation	S trengthene	d			
Number of trade and investment diagnostics provided in support of policy formulation or implementation	Detailed Definition: Number of trade and investment diagnostics completed by project staff or consultants in support of policy formulation or implementation Unit of Measure	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records				
implementation	Detailed Definition:	Activity Records; attendance sheets	Project	Sex; firm;	Quarterly	Simple	
Number of participants in trade and investment environment trainings	The number of project beneficiaries or key stakeholders attending trainings held by the project Unit of Measure: Number of people	Activity Necolds, attendance sheets	documents; interviews with project staff; project records	industry/ sector	Quarterry	count; average number of participants	
Number of government agencies/departme nts established or strengthened as a result of the project	Detailed Definition: The number of government agencies and/or departments within the government that were established or strengthened directly because of or by the project Unit of Measure: Number of agencies	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	N/A	Bi-annual	Simple count	

		Intended Results and Candidate	Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Result: Public and	Civil Service Awareness/Supp	ort for Trade Agreements & Supp	ortive Trade	Business Po	lices Enhanced	1	
Number of Consultative Processes or Bodies with Private Sector as a Result of USG Assistance	Detailed Definition: Number of consultation processes, including meetings, discussions, workshops, etc that occur with the private sector as a results of the project	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	N/A	Bi-annual	Simple count	
	Unit of Measure: Number of processes						
Number of Public forums or seminars held about the benefits of trade agreements	Detailed Definition: Number of forums or seminars held that were open to the public or key stakeholders, discussing the benefits of trade agreements to increase awareness	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	N/A	Bi-annual	Simple count	
	Unit of Measure: Number of forums/seminars						
Number of policies or agreements lobbied, negotiated and/or recommended for adoption	Detailed Definition: The number of policies or agreements lobbied, negotiated, and/or recommended for adoptions as a result of project activities.	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	N/A	Bi-annual	Simple count; Compare number in Y1 vs Y2, etc	
	Unit of Measure: Number of policies						
Percentage of	Detailed Definition: Ratio of	Activity Records	Project	Sex; firm;	Quarterly	Calculate	

		Intended Results and Candidate	Performance	Indicators			
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggre gated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
individuals in target group who report increased openness toward trade liberalization.	individuals who report increased openness to total universe Unit of Measure: Percent		documents; interviews with project staff; project records	industry/ sector		average change in percentage of individuals from Y1-Y2 or by industry	
Number of people receiving information	Detailed Definition: Number of people receiving information from project sources or as a result of project activities Unit of Measure: Number	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sex; firm; industry/ sector	Quarterly	Simple count; average number of participants	

Results Framework 2.1: Private Sector Practices Improved



Performance Indicator Candidates

Firm/Industry/Sector Export/Import Practices Improved

Illustrative Component/Activity Performance Indicators Worksheet

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Ind	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Result: Private Se	ector Export/Import Pract	ices Improved					
ISO 9000 Certifications per million inhabitants	Detailed Definition: Number of firms with ISO 9000 certifications per million inhabitants. Calculated ratio of certifications to people Unit of Measure: Number/Ratio	ISO	Available online®	Country	Annual	Simple count	
Number of Products Exported	Detailed Definition: The number of products exported by a country Unit of Measure: Number	WTI	Available online	Country	Annual	Calculate change in number of products; can compare to pre- and post- project assistance depending on project focus (and ability to gauge	

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Perl	formance Indi	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
						attribution)	
	Detailed Definition: The number of products imported by a country Unit of Measure: Number		Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate change in number of products; can compare to pre- and post- project assistance depending on	
						project focus	
Number of						(and ability to	
Products		\				gauge	
Imported	Detailed Definition: The	WTI	Dariant	C	A	attribution)	
	average value in US\$ of sales in exports by businesses engaged in exporting products		Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sex, sector; size	Annual	Calculate change in value of export sales; can compare to pre- and post- project	
Average sales of women-owned and men-owned	Unit of Measure: \$US					assistance depending on project focus	
export businesses by sector and size						(and ability to gauge	
of business.		Activity Records				attribution)	
	Detailed Definition: The ratio of firms, in a country, exporting to the total number of registered firms in country		Available online®	Sector; country; women- owned firms	Annual	Calculate change in ratio/percentage from YI to Y2; can attempt to attribute to	Data on sector may not be available via the WB Enterprise surveys without further research
% of Firms	Unit of Measure:	WB Enterprise				project	Taranci rescaren
Exporting	Percent	Surveys				activities if firms	

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Ind	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
						now exporting were supported by project activities	
% of Firms that Use Material	Detailed Definition: The ratio of firms that use material inputs and/or suppliers of foreign origin to the total number of registered firms in country Unit of Measure: Percent		Available online®	Sector; country	Annual	Calculate change in ratio/percentage from YI to Y2; can attempt to attribute to project activities if firms now exporting	Data on sector may not be available via the WB Enterprise surveys without further research
Inputs and/or Suppliers of Foreign Origin		WB Enterprise Surveys				were supported by project activities	
	Detailed Definition: Average responses in each country to questions included in the World Economic Forum's Executive Opinion Survey, conducted in the early months of each year. The general approach of companies in your country to human	GCR indicator 5.08 Source: World Economic	Available online®	N/A	Annual		
Extent of staff training	resources is (I = to invest little in training and employee development, 7 = to invest heavily to attract, train, and retain	Forum, Executive Opinion Survey					

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Indi	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	employees)						
	Unit of Measure: Scale						
Customer Orientation	Detailed Definition: Imports of goods and services as a percentage of gross domestic product Total imports is the sum of total imports of merchandise and commercial services. Unit of Measure: Scale	GCR indicator 6.14, Sources: World Trade Organization, Statistical Database: Time Series on merchandise and commercial services (accessed June 4, 2012); International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database (April 2012 edition); national sources	Available online		Annual		
Orientation	Detailed Definition: Index component of the Global Competitiveness Report. Survey response	national sources	Available online®	Country	Annual		
Nature of	to question on nature of competitive advantage in X country, out of a ranking I-7 in the Executive						
competitive advantage	Opinion Survey	GCR indicator					

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Ind	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	Unit of Measure: Scale						
	Detailed Definition: Index component of the Global Competitiveness Report. Survey response to question on Value chain breadth in X country, out of a ranking 1-7 in the Executive Opinion Survey		Available online®		Annual		
Value chain		GCR indicator					
breadth	Unit of Measure: Scale	11.05					
Control of international distribution	Detailed Definition: Index component of the Global Competitiveness Report. Survey response to question on control of international distribution in X country, out of a ranking I-7 in the Executive Opinion Survey Unit of Measure: Scale	GCR indicator 11.06	Available online®		Annual		
Production process sophistication	Detailed Definition: Index component of the Global Competitiveness Report. Survey response to question on production process sophistication in X country, out of a ranking I-7 in the Executive Opinion Survey Unit of Measure: Scale	GCR indicator	Available online®	N/A	Annual		
Extent of marketing	Detailed Definition: Index component of the	GCR indicator	Available online®	N/A	Annual		

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Indi	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	Global Competitiveness Report. Survey response to question on extent of marketing in X country, out of a ranking 1-7 in the Executive Opinion Survey Unit of Measure: Scale						
Ease of access to loans	Detailed Definition: Index component of the Global Competitiveness Report. Survey response to question on ease of access to loans in X country, out of a ranking I-7 in the Executive Opinion Survey Unit of Measure: Scale N	GCR indicator 8.03	Available online®	N/A	Annual		
	ector Knowledge of Interna		• •	eased			
Number of firms that participate in international trade fairs	Detailed Definition: Number of firms directly (or indirectly affected, if decided by project/activity) supported by the project that participate in international trade fairs	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; sex; location; HITC code; Size	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
	Unit of Measure:						

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Ind	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Number of firms linked through import/export Internet clearinghouses	Detailed Definition: Number of firms supported by the project/activity that are linked virtually via import/export internet clearinghouses Unit of Measure:	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; sex; location; HITC code; Size	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Number of potential buyers identified/surveye d	Detailed Definition: The number of potential buyers for firms supported by the project that are identified and/or surveyed by the firms or project	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sex; location	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Number of meetings between producers and potential buyers	Unit of Measure: Detailed Definition: Number of in-person or virtual meetings between producers and potential buyers to discuss business and trade deals Unit of Measure:	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	N/A	Quarterly	Change in number from Y1-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Number of individuals reporting increased knowledge of market opportunities	Detailed Definition: Number of people trained by the activity/project that have increased knowledge of market opportunities Unit of Measure: Number ector Knowledge of Trade	Activity Records	Survey; Pre- or Post-test from activity or training; Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sex; location	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Number of firms receiving training on trade requirements, including SPS standards	Detailed Definition: Number of firms receiving training from the project on trade requirements, including SPS standards necessary to trade Unit of Measure: Number	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; location; size; sex (of ownership); HITC code	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Number of trainees trained about standards & requirements	Detailed Definition: The number of firm staff trained in standards and requirements for trading by the Project.	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sex;	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
	iness Practices of Private S		•			-	
Percent change in product value added	Detailed Definition: The percent change in product value added, taken as the difference from the original to the new value divided by the original value (i.e., difference/original value)	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; product type	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Number of targeted firms/farms who have adopted new technologies or practices for management (managing personnel,	Detailed Definition: The number of firms/farms targeted by the project who have adopted new technologies or practices for management (managing personnel, budgets, workflow, communicating with staff, etc)	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; size; location; sex; HITC code	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Ind	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
budgets, and/or workflow, communicating with staff, etc)	Unit of Measure: Number						
Number of additional hectares under improved technologies or management practices	Detailed Definition: Number of additional hectares under improved technologies or management practices Unit of Measure: Hectares	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Location; product	Annual	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Total factor productivity in firms or industry clusters increased	Detailed Definition: Total factor productivity in firms or industry clusters increased	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records		Annual	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Change in size of firm	Detailed Definition: Size of firm after treatment minus size of firm before treatment divided by the size of firm before treatment to calculate the percentage increase/decrease Unit of Measure: Percent Increase	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records		Annual	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Marketable value (a product of its productive yield and the value added through	Detailed Definition: Marketable value of product (a product of its productive yield and the value added through	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Product/ sector	Annual	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to	

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Indi	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
processing and marketing)	processing and marketing) Unit of Measure: US\$					target	
Number of post- harvest and processing technologies introduced and adopted by associations and agro- entrepreneurs	Detailed Definition: Number of post-harvest and processing technologies introduced and adopted by associations and agro- entrepreneurs Unit of Measure: Number of technologies	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Product/ sector	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Number of agro- entrepreneurs/fir ms trained in the use of good (agricultural) techniques	Detailed Definition: Number of agro- entrepreneurs/firms trained in the use of good (agricultural) techniques Unit of Measure: Number of people	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; sex	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Number of producers using new techniques or improved inputs for production (not necessarily for the purpose of meeting international demand)	Detailed Definition: Number of producers using new techniques or improved inputs for production (not necessarily for the purpose of meeting international demand) Unit of Measure: Number of people/producers	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; sex; women- owned	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
# of target firms using business plans	Detailed Definition: Number of firms supported by the project using approved business	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff;	Sector; sex; women- owned	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from	

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Indi	cators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	plans to manage their firms and business Unit of Measure: Number of firms		project records			baseline to target	
Reduced production costs in target firms/sectors/distr icts (\$ needed to run the firm)	Detailed Definition: The reduction in production costs, i.e., the money needed to manage and operate the firm in a given year, in the targeted firms/sectors/ districts	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; women owned	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
# of target firms using improved ICT to manage basic business operations (budget, personnel, etc)	Unit of Measure: US\$ Detailed Definition: Number of firms supported by the project/activity using ICT that is better than the baseline to manage their basic business operations in areas of improved budget software/practices, more knowledgeable personnel; better processes and systems Unit of Measure: Number of firms	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; women- owned; country; location	Quarterly	Change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target. Need to determine best method for determining baseline value of ICT status for firms	
Volume of production in targeted firm/sector	Detailed Definition: The amount of goods produced by supported firms or the aggregate amount of goods produced	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; firm; country; location	Quarterly	Calculate change in number from Y1-Y2; compare achieved from	

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Ind	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	by all firms in the targeted sector Unit of Measure: Volume					baseline to target	
Number of firms/trainees with increased knowledge of basic business and/export practices	Detailed Definition: Number of firms/trainees with increased knowledge of basic business and/export practices as a result of project-level training, as evidenced by pre- and post-training tests, observation, or surveys Unit of Measure:	Activity Records	Project documents; Pre- and post-training tests; survey; observation	Sector; sex; location	Quarterly	Calculate change in number from Y1-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
	Number of people/firms						
Result: Services	from Export Promotion/Bu	siness Support C	Prganizations Prov	vided/Improve	ed		
Number of new viable BSOs formed	Detailed Definition: Number of new, viable, BSOs formed. New BSOs monitored quarterly, and checked annually for sustainability and regularity Unit of Measure: Number	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; sex; location	Quarterly/ Annual	Calculate change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Number of exporters entering new clusters	Detailed Definition: Number of new, viable export clusters formed. New Clusters monitored quarterly, and checked annually for sustainability	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector, sex, location	Monitored quarterly; aggregated annually	Calculate change in number from Y1-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to	

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Indi	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
	and regularity Unit of Measure:					target	
Number of enterprises receiving business development services from USG-assisted sources	Detailed Definition: Number of enterprises receiving business development services from USG-assisted sources Unit of Measure: Number	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; sex; location	Annual	Calculate change in number from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Number of legal, regulatory, or institutional actions taken to improve implementation or compliance with international trade and investment agreements due to support from USG-supported organizations	Detailed Definition: Number of legal, regulatory, or institutional actions taken to improve implementation or compliance with international trade and investment agreements due to support from USG- supported organizations Unit of Measure: Number	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	N/A	Annual	Calculate change in number from Y1-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Revenue earned by targeted BSOs	Detailed Definition: The amount of money, in USD, earned by BSOs targeted by project activities, as a result of USG assistance Unit of Measure: US\$	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; sex; location	Annual	Calculate change in revenue from YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
Number of new services offered by BSOs as a	Detailed Definition: New relevant services offered by BSOs as a result	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with	Sector; sex; location	Annual	Calculate change in number from	

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Ind	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
result of assistance	of assistance Unit of Measure: Number		project staff; project records			Y1-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	
	city/Use Expanded						
Mobile Phone subscribers per 100 inhabitants	Detailed Definition: Number of mobile phone subscribers per 100 inhabitants in supported country, as stated by UNCTAD database Unit of Measure:	UNCTAD	Available online®	Sex	Annual	Calculate change from YI to Y2; compare country X to country Y;	
	Number						
Broadband subscribers per 100 inhabitants	Detailed Definition: Number of broadband subscribers per 100 inhabitants in supported country, as stated by UNCTAD database Unit of Measure:	UNCTAD	Available online®	Sex	Annual	Calculate change from YI to Y2; compare country X to country Y;	
	Number						
Internet Users per 100 inhabitants	Detailed Definition: Number of people, per 100 inhabitants, with access to the worldwide network, as estimated by World Telecommunication Development Report and database	WDI	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate change from YI to Y2; compare country X to country Y;	
	Unit of Measure: Number						

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Perf	formance Indi	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
Firm-level technology absorption	Detailed Definition: Average response by firms to question "to what extend do businesses in your country absorb new technology on a scale of I-7 (I = not at all) on Global Competitiveness Report survey Unit of Measure: I-7 Scale	GCR indicator 9.02	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate change from YI to Y2; compare country X to country Y;	Not necessarily collected on an annual basis; occasionally the GCR indicators change from year to year.
Percent of Firms using their own Websites	Detailed Definition: The percent of firms, as determined by responses from firms in country to the WB Enterprise annual Survey, currently using their own website Unit of Measure: Percentage/Ratio	WB Enterprise Surveys	Available online®	Country	Annual	Calculate change from YI to Y2; compare country X to country Y;	
Number of target firms/sectors/distr icts who receive computer or other ITC equipment as a result of USG assistance	Detailed Definition: # of target firms/sectors/districts who receive computer or other ITC equipment as a result of USG assistance Unit of Measure: Number	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sector; women- owned; country	Quarterly	Compare # of firms by sector/industry; by country; by women-owned; years of operation	
Number of target	Detailed Definition:	Activity Records	Project	Sector;	Quarterly	Compare # of	

	In	tended Results a	nd Candidate Per	formance Ind	icators		
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible
firms/sectors/districts who have a website as a result of USG assistance (designed by project staff or other partner, without consultation of the firm	Number of target firms/sectors/districts who have a website as a result of USG assistance (designed by project staff or other partner, without consultation of the firm Unit of Measure: Number		documents; interviews with project staff; project records; observation of website – initial question via mini survey	women- owned; country		firms by sector/industry; by country; by women-owned; years of operation	
Number of people achieving UNESCO's International Computer Driver's License certification	Detailed Definition: Number of people achieving UNESCO's International Computer Driver's License certification Unit of Measure: Number	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records; observation of records, crosschecked with project beneficiaries	Sector; firm type; women- owned	Quarterly	Simple Count; compare average number per years	
Number of staff benefited through IT training (e.g. based on post- training evaluation where participants rate training)	Detailed Definition: Number of staff benefited by IT training as delineated by training post-tests/score sheets. Unit of Measure: Number	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records; survey; observation of trainees	Sex; industry/sec tor; women- owned	Quarterly	Simple Count; compare average number per years	
Number of staff trained to use email	Detailed Definition: Number of staff trained to use email Unit of Measure: Number	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records; survey or	Sex; industry/sec tor; women- owned	Quarterly	Simple Count; compare average number per years	

	Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators									
Performance Indicator	Definition/ Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggreg ated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Notes on Indicator/Person Responsible			
			observation of trainees							
Number of people that learned to use teleconferencing	Detailed Definition: Number of people that learned to use teleconferencing as a result of project activities Unit of Measure: Number	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records; survey of trainees	Sex; industry/sec tor; women- owned	Quarterly	Simple Count; compare average number per years				
Number of hits on new website	Detailed Definition: Number of new/unique hits on a website, as determined by specific IP addresses and unique visitor records Unit of Measure: Number of hits on new website	Activity Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records	Sex; location	Quarterly	Simple Count; compare average number per years; per month				

Cross-cutting Trade Hub Indicators

(Selected) Illustrative Project Performance Indicators Worksheet

Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators								
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible	
Result	*Result here will be specific to	Trade Hub Object	ive*	<u>'</u>	1			
Conferences/wor kshops held	Number of conferences/workshops held on key topics in order to increase knowledge, awareness, o to advocate for key policy changes	Activity/ Trade Hub Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records; observation of conferences/ workshops	Topic	Quarterly	Simple count compared to target		
Policy papers/Research developed by Trade Hubs	Number of papers/policy developed	Activity/ Trade Hub Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records; observation of papers finalized	Sector	Quarter	Simple count compared to target		
Collaboration increased/strength ened	Number of partnerships developed with private sector partners and other key actors Frequency/regularity of meetings	Activity/ Trade Hub Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records;	N/A	Annual	Calculate change in YI-Y2; compare achieved from		

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 $^{^{60}}$ Timing, availability of data, and cost should also be addressed here

Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators								
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible	
			observation of partnerships; minutes of meetings			baseline to target		
Policy change affected	Number of policies affected by Trade Hubs research, policy papers and advocacy efforts	Activity/ Trade Hub Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records; observation of national-level policy; interviews with government staff	Secor/Policy type	Annual	Calculate change in Y1-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target		
Capacity of trade- related institutions	Level of capacity of Trade- related institutions supported by the project, as determined by a capacity assessment survey (such as the Institutional Development Framework or Cap-Scan)	Activity/ Trade Hub Records	Capacity assessment completed of Trade-related institutions affected by activity	N/A	Annual	Calculate change in Y1-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target		
Trade Advisors	Number of Trade advisors placed to support Trade hubs and REC	Activity/ Trade Hub Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records; observation	Sex	Annual	Calculate change in Y1-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target		
Degree of Road governance	Detailed Definition: Transport governance	Survey; Trade Hub research;	Project documents;	N/A	Annual	Calculate change in	Not apparent whether data	

Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators								
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible	
	indicators sub-index — developed by World Bank for sub-Saharan Africa. Can be utilized to develop similar index for other countries/regions. See: http://www4.worldbank.org/af r/ssatp/Resources/SSATP- WorkingPapers/SSATPWP95- Governance-Indicators.pdf for a compilation of potential indicators	Borderless Alliance Research (for West Africa);	interviews with project staff; project records; observation; Research, including Trade Hub data and research collected			Y1-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target	will be collected annually or for other regions; new mechanisms for collecting data on road governance may appear, and this list will be updated as needed.	
Projects impacted as a result of assistance	Detailed Definition: The number of projects directly affected by the Trade Hub as a result of USG assistance	Activity/ Trade Hub Records	Project documents; interviews with project staff; project records; observation	N/A	Quarterly	Simple count compared to target	This indicator will be amended as needed by Activities and Projects, depending on the Activity objectives	
Ease of access to finance	Detailed Definition: Survey response to DB report survey question on Ease of access to finance in X country. See section X above for further elucidation	WB Doing Business indicators	Available online	N/A; country	Annual	Calculate change in Y1-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target		
Level/Extent of bribes	Detailed Definition: Survey response to DB report survey question on Ease of	WB Doing Business indicators	Available online	Country; N/A	Annual	Calculate change in YI-Y2;		

Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators								
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible	
	access to finance in X country. See section: More Efficient/Cost-effective Movement of Trade Goods across Borders above for further elucidation					compare achieved from baseline to target		
Number of Checkpoints and controls along trade corridors	Detailed Definition: The number of checkpoints and controls in existence along a particular route or trade corridor	Survey; Trade Hub research	Desk research of Trade Hub research; Interviews with Trade hubs; Trade hub project records	Corridor location; country	Annual	Calculate change in YI-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target		
Transport and logistics efficiency	Detailed Definition: See Section on "More Efficient/Cost-effective Movement of Trade Goods across Borders"	LPI	Available Online	Country	Annual	Calculate change in Y1-Y2; compare achieved from baseline to target		
% of bribes collected as a part of total Customs revenue	Detailed Definition: The amount of bribes received divided by total revenue collected	Customs Administration	Interviews with Customs staff; national level data	N/A	Annual	0		
Time to Import/Export	Detailed Definition: the number of days or hours required to export/import out of country X. See Section X on "More Efficient/Cost-effective Movement of Trade Goods	National statistics; Customs administration	Interviews with Customs staff; national level data	N/A	Annual	Calculate change from YI-Y2		

Intended Results and Candidate Performance Indicators								
Performance Indicator	Definition and Unit of Measure	Data Sources	Data Collection Method(s)	Disaggregated by	Data Collection Frequency and Schedule	Data Analysis Method(s)	Person Responsible	
	across Borders"							
Cost to Import/Export	Detailed Definition: The amount in US\$ it costs to import/export goods out of country X. See Section X on "More Efficient/Cost-effective Movement of Trade Goods across Borders"	National statistics; Customs administration	Interviews with Customs staff; national level data	N/A	Annual	Calculate change from YI-Y2		